

Annual Report 2020-2021

Central Gippsland Health Service













Better together



CGH respectfully acknowledges the traditional owners and custodians of the land on which we live and work, and pay our respect to their elders past, present and emerging.

Our Vision:

Our vision is of a safe and healthy community where everyone feels valued, supported and can participate.

Our Mission:

Our mission is to provide the health and community services that will best meet the needs of our community. In doing so we will:

- support community identified need and promote genuine community participation
- place people at the centre of our care
- support our community to access services that maintain and improve their health and wellbeing and minimise the negative impact of chronic disease and injury
- enable people to benefit from our integrated services
- allocate and use our resources effectively and efficiently
- achieve through collaboration and partnerships
- be creative, innovative and open to discovery.

Our Values:

Social Justice - Equity of Outcome

To do this we will:

- focus on achieving equity of outcome for individuals and groups
- understand the impact of poverty, culture, location and disadvantage on behaviour and health status
- act to support the disadvantaged and marginalised among us
- ensure our fees policy considers our client's ability to pay
- support harm minimisation and targeted community support programs
- be compassionate and embrace diversity.

Honesty, Transparency and Integrity

To do this we will:

- set and model standards of behaviour consistent with the Code of Conduct for Victorian Public Sector Employees
- embrace transparency and provide meaningful and clear information to our stakeholders
- support ethical and caring leadership development at all levels of the organisation.

Quality and Excellence with the Person at the Centre

To do this we will:

- embed a quality culture of continuous improvement across the organisation such that our client's experience with Central Gippsland Health Service is characterised by the following: seamless, coordinated, integrated and timely provision of person-centered care
- provide facilities and equipment that enable the provision of safe, efficient, effective and sustainable service delivery
- place a very high value on person-centred care and excellent customer service.

Caring, Support, Compassion and Understanding

To do this we will:

- be welcoming, caring, supportive, share knowledge freely and support learning in every setting
- relate to our community with understanding and compassion
- assist our community to understand their rights and responsibilities and have access to genuine complaints resolution processes
- support our community to identify the need for, and make decisions relating to, the development, delivery and evaluation of services
- develop partnerships that benefit our community
- appreciate the benefits that come from diversity.

Value and Support our People

To do this we will strive to provide a healthy, caring and safe environment where we are supported to:

- pursue our personal goals and objectives
- behave consistently with Central Gippsland Health Service's values and enthusiastically support the achievement of our strategic and service delivery goals and objectives
- put forward ideas, participate in decision making, be creative and innovative
- develop our careers in a manner consistent with our strengths and interests
- make work a positive contributor to our happiness and wellbeing.

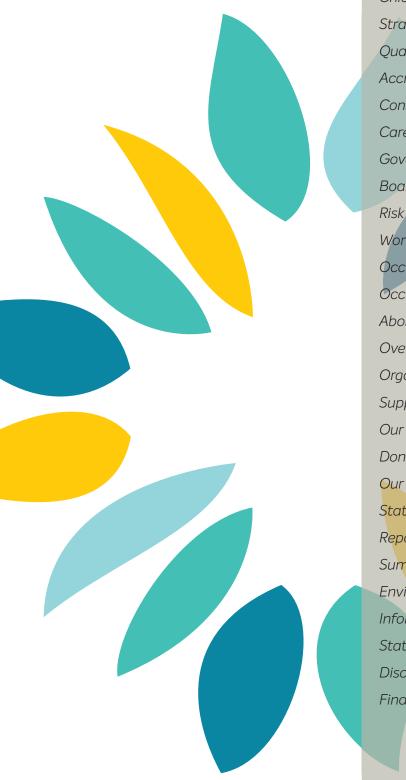
Four Strategic Pillars



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Who we are

Central Gippsland Health Service (CGHS) is the major provider of health and residential aged care services in the Wellington Shire.

It serves a local population of approximately 44,000 in Central Gippsland, while acute specialist services reach a wider community in East Gippsland and parts of South Gippsland.

Categorised as a sub-regional health service, CGHS provides a range of more complex services than those delivered by small rural health services, consisting of two public hospitals located in Sale and Maffra, both with public sector residential aged care facilities on campus; community health centres in Sale, Maffra, Rosedale and Loch Sport; and a Community Rehabilitation Centre located on the Sale campus which provides a range of allied health and rehabilitation services outreaching to patient homes and other CGHS and non-CGHS facilities.

In addition, CGHS is an integrated health service and provides a range of services usually provided by local government and in particular, home support and maternal and child health services.

Clinical education and training are an important part of what we do. CGHS provides clinical placements to support undergraduate education and training for medical, nursing and allied health staff, and rotations for specialist nursing, allied health and medical education, including GP proceduralists.

Central Gippsland Health is also a network that includes CGHS as well as independently governed organisations, Heyfield Hospital and Stretton Park.

For more information visit: www.cghs.com.au

Our History

CGHS has a long and rich history which spans approximately 150 years.

During that time, CGHS (and its predecessor Gippsland Base Hospital), with various other smaller service entities has become the major provider of health and residential aged care services within the Wellington Shire.

Through a series of amalgamations, the Gippsland Base Hospital, Maffra and District Hospital, J.H.F. McDonald Wing Nursing Home and Evelyn Wilson Nursing Home became CGHS in 1999.

CGHS provides management and corporate services to two not-for-profit private facilities, Stretton Park Incorporated and Heyfield Hospital Incorporated, through management agreements also established in 1999.

The current Sale hospital was built on the existing site in 1990. The only section of the original hospital retained was the operating suite.

Today's CGHS Board of Directors and staff continue to uphold the service and spirit of those early pioneers who worked so hard to establish a hospital in the 1860s.

At your service

CGHS works within a statewide rural and regional planning framework that considers the local area and Gippsland regional planning. The focus is to provide access to services locally, where appropriate, and support people to access higher level services where required.

As the major provider of health and aged care services in the Wellington Shire, CGHS also provides specialised services such as perinatal services, critical care, coronary care, obstetrics and surgery, as well as a comprehensive range of Home and Community Care (HACC) services.

Acute services include a full-time emergency department, critical care unit, neonatal special care unit, operating theatres, day procedure unit, and oncology and dialysis services, in addition to general medical and surgical services and subacute services including rehabilitation.

Within the Gippsland region there is one Regional Health Service, Latrobe Regional Hospital, which is the key specialist service resource for the region and the four subregional health services.

CGHS has acute and residential aged care services at Sale and Maffra. Community and home support services are provided throughout the Wellington Shire local government area (with the exception of Yarram and district) with centres in Maffra, Sale, Heyfield, Rosedale and Loch Sport.

Our aim is to develop a highly efficient system that responds to people's needs by placing them at the centre of a service delivery system focused on supporting them to achieve their goals and aspirations.

Our services

Population served (approximately)	44,000
Emergency attendances	17,590
Inpatient services	12,833
Mothers delivered	410
Community Services hours of service	115,495
Non-admitted Subacute and Specialist	
Outpatient Clinic Service Events	28 829

People

624.29 Equivalent Full Time (EFT) employees 980 people employed, including 117 casual, 612 part-time and 251 full-time active employees at 30 June 2021.

Assets and Revenue

\$46.4m in net assets \$41.8m in buildings \$14.2m in plant and equipment \$117.5m in revenue



Reportby the Chair, Board of Directors

There can be no doubt that we are living in challenging times. The COVID-19 Pandemic has beset the world's population for over 18 months, and we remain a long way from returning to life as it was before. The truth is that life will never return to the way it was before.

During the past 18 months, many have cited the Winston Churchill phrase 'never let a good crisis go to waste'. Whilst nothing will compensate for the terrible tragedy of the thousands of lives lost, not to mention the impact on livelihoods and relationships, crises often present an opportunity for change.

This crisis has not only tested resilience, but rewarded agility. Our ongoing quest to do a little better every day has been pushed into overdrive and, in my estimation, the team at CGHS has responded admirably. The knowledge developed and changes made will last well into the future.

Earlier in the year, I congratulated the CGHS frontline team for the bravery that they have continued to display in the face of this invisible enemy. With everybody doing their bit, the community, supported by our healthcare system, has avoided the terrible calamity experienced in other countries. This relative success in no way diminishes the fear and uncertainty that our frontline team stared down. I salute their courage!

The rollout of CGHS's Values-Based Health Care project over the last year has been of particular interest to the Board, and we are excited to see that our local GPs have supported the initiative, and the initial cohort of consumers have been enrolled into this pilot. The goal of the project is for a coordinated, customer-centric partnership between the consumer, their GP and the hospital whereby early intervention and patient 'activation' aims to reduce the need for hospital visitations.

We look forward to seeing the project in full flight in the next 6–12 months with up to 100 active participants.

CGHS has continued to invest in its facilities and is proud to have partnered with Stretton Park Incorporated to work on its Stage 1 redevelopment. In Maffra, with the Maffra Hospital Master Plan all but complete, we hope that the redevelopment is met with sufficient government support to be funded for its completion.

In Sale, we have seen the construction of the Short Stay Unit in conjunction with the upgraded Critical Care Unit, and thanks to the generous support of the John Leslie Foundation, we have commenced works on the new Medical Staff Accommodation units with demolition of the older units commencing in June.

With the financial results showing a strong surplus, I would like to thank all of the team who strive to provide the best possible care in the most efficient manner to ensure that the service maintains a sustainable footing, supporting our ambition to do more for our communities' health and wellbeing.

After 13 years of distinguished service to CGHS, our Chief Executive Officer Dr Frank Evans decided not to apply for a renewal of his contract, which led the Board to appoint Mr Mark Dykgraaf as his successor. On behalf of the Board, I thank Frank for his service to our community and wish him all the best. We welcome Mark and look forward to working with him and his executive team over the coming years.

Lastly, as I enter my final year on our Board of Directors, this is my fourth and last Board Chair Report. I thank my fellow Board members for their support of me, and their ongoing commitment to CGHS.

In accordance with the Financial Management Act 1994, I am pleased to present the report of operations for Central Gippsland Health Service for the year ending 30 June 2021.

Tony Anderson, Board Chair Sale, Victoria, 30 June 2021



Report

by the Chief Executive Officer

It has been my privilege to join Central Gippsland Health Service (CGHS) as the Chief Executive Officer on 15 June 2021. In commencing, I would like to thank Dr Frank Evans for his 13 years of service in support of the team at CGHS and in the service of the local community. We can only say thank you once again for such long and engaged service. Frank finished with us on 25 June and is now taking a well-earned break before commencing on the next phase of life and career. We wish him all the very best on his future journey.

The 2020/21 financial year has been a time of challenge for the health service. Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, the team at CGHS has continued to deliver a comprehensive range of services including community, aged and acute care, in a skilled and professional fashion. This is an absolute credit to all staff, both clinical and non-clinical.

As we move into the 2021/22 year, we expect that there will be challenges and of course opportunities. The COVID-19 vaccination program will continue to see increasing numbers of people being immunised and it is our fervent hope that the threat from COVID-19 will ease as a result. At the time of writing, around 2.6 million Victorians (approximately 30%) have already had at least one COVID-19 vaccine shot.

We will undertake further work to implement the recommendations of the Aged Care Royal Commission, and will work in partnership with Latrobe Regional Hospital and others in addressing the recommendations of the Mental Health Royal Commission. These are vital and important pieces of work that we will successfully deliver in 2021/22 through careful planning and our work together.

Opportunities will come to strengthen services through a range of initiatives under the Health Services Partnership program, including the Better at Home program and improving access to elective surgery. We will also continue to develop our Values-Based Health Care program, and recently received funding to be the key support agency in encouraging 40 other rural health services to take up Care Opinion, an online platform we subscribed to in 2016 which allows transparent feedback from patients and supports us in our commitment to transparency, willingness to listen, and our desire to learn from both the good and the bad.

One of the privileges of working in the service of our community is that we get to work together with people of like mind – people who are committed to delivering excellent services to those in need. As we move into 2021/22, I am confident that together we will meet whatever challenges come successfully.

Mark Dykgraaf, Chief Executive Officer

Strategic Plan

Key Areas and Objectives Summary

Key area 1

Taking a Partnership

Key area 2

Objective: Provide access to a highly integrated, networked, technology enabled system that will give people access to services as close to home as is safe and appropriate.

Strengthening Access

to Core Services

Approach

Objective: Enhance our

sustainability and clinical capability and, as a consequence, increase the number of treatments available closer to home.

Key area 3

Adjusting to an Older Population

Objective: Provide more services in the community and home based setting with a focus on reablement.

Key area 4

Investing in our People

Objective: To develop a highly talented, skilled, supported and happy workforce.

Home Support continues through COVID-19

Without Home Support, Sale resident Shirley Osmand is convinced she would not have made her 91 years. "I can't do without Home Support," Shirley said. "It means I can stay in my house and live comfortably.



Having that help has made all the difference in my life."

Shirley knows of other Home Support clients that are cancelling their services, either out of fear for catching the Coronavirus (COVID-19) or feeling they have to, to adhere to social distancing guidelines.

"I understand their concerns and fears but if anyone should come into your home, it's a healthcare worker," she said. "I can't imagine what their life is like now without Home Support."

Central Gippsland Health Service continued to operate this essential service as normal during the COVID-19 pandemic and encouraged families to support their loved ones to continue using Home Support.

"CGHS incorporated a number of extra measures to ensure the safety of Home Support staff and clients during this pandemic," then Chief Executive Officer Dr Frank Evans said, "this includes calling all clients the day before to monitor their health.

"We are very closely monitored," said Community Care Worker, Robyn Sullivan. "Our client's welfare is our priority and CGHS is not taking any risks."

Robyn visits Shirley every Friday to help with domestic duties and takes her shopping every fortnight.

"We don't visit them if we are not 100 per cent sure that we should," Robyn said.

On their shopping trips, Shirley sits in the back seat of Robyn's car. They stop at the bank before continuing on to do groceries. Under the new arrangements for COVID-19, Shirley remains in the car reading a book while Robyn does the grocery shopping. This ensures Shirley still gets to leave her home safely and is isolated from areas where people gather.

"Home Support is more than just about getting my house cleaned," Shirley said. "Robyn is a part of my family. She knows when I'm not feeling myself. I have someone to look over me."

Pictured above, Community Care Worker, Robyn Sullivan, and Home Support client, Shirley Osmand.

Quality Improvement

and Innovation Framework

CGHS is committed to quality, safety and excellence with the client/patient at the centre of our care.

In line with the CGHS Strategic Plan, the health service developed a Quality Improvement and Innovation Framework. This Framework details a comprehensive response from the Board and senior management team to develop organisational structures and processes that support a capable, enabled and engaged workforce.

The purpose of the Quality Improvement and Innovation Framework is to describe how CGHS works to embed continuous improvement and innovation within our organisation and develop a high-performing, positive culture.

As part of this, we work to embed a quality culture of continuous improvement across the organisation. Throughout the organisation, staff contribute new and better ways to assist them in carrying out their duties to support a more efficient and smarter working environment.

As part of the CGHS Clinical Governance Framework, the Clinical Governance Group meets monthly to identify and monitor issues relating to patient/client/resident safety and quality of service.

The Quality Committee has bi-monthly meetings with Board and consumer representation. It provides comprehensive reports relating to quality improvement and innovation which are presented to the Board of Directors at their meetings.

Community and consumer participation groups work with CGHS to ensure community and consumer perspectives are at the centre of continuous improvement efforts. Although this last year has been challenging, community and consumer participants have continued to demonstrate their commitment to CGHS and engage with us via online forums.

These improvements are recognised through our monthly Quality newsletter and other information sharing opportunities. This year there has been a focus on our person-centred care program and pilot projects that seek to ensure the individual is at the centre of their care.

Accreditation Status

CGHS (including Dental Services) is accredited against the National Safety and Quality Health Service Standards Second Edition. The organisation-wide survey in August 2019 resulted in all core and developmental items being met. Our next organisation wide survey against the national standards will be conducted in 2023.

The Home and Community Service has full accreditation against the three *Home Care Common Standards*. An accreditation contact visit was conducted in August 2018 and all six outcomes reviewed under the standards were met. The next accreditation for the Home and Community Service is planned for 2021 and will now be assessed under the new *Aged Care Accreditation Standards*.

The J.H.F. McDonald Wing underwent aged care accreditation in 2019 against the new version of the *Aged Care Accreditation*Standards, meeting all eight standards. Wilson Lodge underwent accreditation against the new *Aged Care Accreditation Standards* in May 2021, meeting all eight standards.

Consumer

Carer and Community Participation

Our consumer and community networks continue to assist in improving our provision of services to best meet the needs of our community. These include the:

- Community Liaison Group (CLG) which meets on a monthly basis and has representation from CGHS, Heyfield Hospital and Stretton Park Boards at each meeting
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Advisory Committee which includes employed Aboriginal staff and local Aboriginal community members. This Advisory Committee meets on a bi-monthly basis.
- Lesbian, Gay, Bi-sexual, Transgender and Intersex (LGBTI)
 Focus Group consisting of local LGBTI community members and CGHS staff.

The CLG and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Advisory Committee are chaired and vice-chaired by community members and attended by CGHS executive members. They receive administrative support from the CGHS Consumer Network and Volunteer Support Officer.

The restrictions on physical gatherings as a result of COVID-19 meant that face-to-face gatherings of these groups could not take place. While remote meeting options such as ZOOM were available, this opportunity to participate was not always viable for some community members.

The CLG is the key consumer and community advisory group for CGHS and is responsible to the Board of Directors.

Due to reduced membership, the Rosedale Community Health Centre Advisory Committee, which had been operational for a number of years, merged with the CLG. Representatives continue to advocate on behalf of the Rosedale community on the appropriateness of community health activities.

CLG members continue to assist in the development and implementation of appropriate consumer and community participation strategies, such as the review of continuous quality improvement initiatives and quality accreditation activities, as well as oversight of a variety of CGHS action plans.

The CGHS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Advisory Committee continues its work in making CGHS a safe and welcoming health environment for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community members. The Advisory Committee continued to oversee the work contained in our inaugural Reconciliation Action Plan. Due to COVID-19 restrictions in 2020, the annual NAIDOC Week celebrations were postponed until later in the year; however, an informal flag raising ceremony by CGHS CEO and Executive Director of Nursing (Sale) still took place on the first Monday of July, to signify the importance of this annual event. The postponed ceremony took place in November 2020 where CGHS celebrated its eleventh flag raising ceremony.



The LGBTI Focus Group developed the inaugural CGHS LGBTI Access and Inclusion Action Plan. CGHS acknowledges and celebrates IDAHOBIT (International Day Against Homophobia, Biphobia, Intersexism and Transphobia) annually.

CGHS Consumer Advocate Alan Murray sadly passed away at the beginning of 2021. Alan played an active and important role in advocating for CGHS patients and clients since 2008. Alan was also a community representative on our Quality Committee, a subcommittee of our Board of Directors.

Carers'

Recognition Act 2012

The Carers Recognition Act 2012 is embedded in CGHS's organisational policies and procedures and is incorporated into staff position descriptions, staff orientation packs, and consumer brochures. CGHS's Carer Recognition procedure was updated in 2020

Carers' luncheons did occur on a monthly basis until March 2020 when they ceased due to COVID-19 restrictions. The aim of our carers' luncheons is to enable carers to come together, have fun, and support others who take on a caring role.

Carers are identified in a number of ways, including through care coordination, My Aged Care and National Disability Insurance Scheme processes. Each carer's individual needs are identified using a person-centred approach focused on the individual.

Governance

and Community Accountability

Each year the CLG is invited to provide input into the content of this Annual Report.

The Governance Accountability Framework is continuously modified and improved to ensure that key performance indicators adequately report the performance of CGHS across the governance domains.

This framework enables accountability and transparency on a number of fronts, including to various funding bodies, local government and the community.

The framework responsibilities have been assigned to various committees within the organisation's quality structure, ultimately reporting to the Board of Directors



Board of Directors

as at June 2021



Tony Anderson (Chair):

Tony is the Branch Manager of Rabobank in Sale. He is a specialist in agribusiness finance and investment with over 20 years' experience in rural lending, establishing Rabobank's first Gippsland office here in 2004. Prior to moving back to Sale, Tony spent six years with the NAB in various locations across Australia, finally

working in its head office in the position of Manager of Sales & Marketing for the Agribusiness Division. Tony holds a Bachelor of Business (Agribusiness) and a Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance and Investment. Born and raised in Sale, Tony has a strong affinity with the local community and is driven by a desire for it to benefit from the best possible health services that can be provided.



Kumar Visvanathan:

Professor Kumar Visvanathan is a specialist in infectious diseases and the immunology of the innate immune system with a career spanning over three decades. He is currently the Deputy Chair of Medicine at the University of Melbourne (Eastern Hill Campus), Co-Director of the Immunology Research

Centre at St Vincent's Hospital (Melbourne) as well as a Senior Infectious Diseases Physician at St Vincent's Hospital. Following his medical undergraduate degree in 1986, Kumar completed his PhD thesis at the University of NSW and undertook postgraduate work at Rockefeller University in New York. He returned to Australia in 2000 and started his laboratory in innate immunity at the Murdoch Children's Research Institute, moving to Monash University and Monash Medical Centre in 2005 before relocating more recently to the University of Melbourne and St Vincent's Hospital in 2012.



Jim Vivian (Vice Chair):

Jim has recently retired from the workforce. His most recent employment was in the role of Executive Officer at Gippsland Sports Academy. Prior to this, he worked as Executive Director of Academic Programs and General Manager of Industrial Operations at GippsTAFE. Jim holds a Diploma in Frontline

Management, a Graduate Diploma in Educational Administration, an Advanced Certificate in Management Skills and a Diploma of Technical Teaching.



Glenys Butler:

Glenys recently retired from full-time employment, following a successful career spanning 18 years in local government. All this time was spent with Wellington Shire Council where she has worked in the community sector as Manager Community Development, Manager Community

Strengthening, Emergency Manager, General Manager Liveability and General Manager Community and Culture. Glenys originally trained as a nurse and has worked in the community health sector and leisure industry. She is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, holds a Bachelor of Social Welfare and in 2008, completed a PhD with Monash University, focussed on organisational response to community decision making.



Abbas Khambati:

Abbas is a Non-Executive Board Director and an Executive Director, specialising in the not-for-profit sector, with over 20 years of senior and executive management experience within the public and private sectors. His experience and strengths are in financial and business strategy, governance, policy and risk

management. He represents regional health services as a Board Member with the Victorian Healthcare Association. In his executive capacity, Abbas is the Director of Business Support Services at Monash Health, Victoria's largest health service and is responsible for managing the business finance partnering portfolio across the organisation. Abbas is a Chartered Accountant, a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, and holds a Masters in Health Services Management. He is inspired by the values of respect, excellence and integrity.



Faith Page:

Faith is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and is currently a partner in the Risk Advisory Services practice of BDO Australia. Faith is also on the board of BankVic, a mutual bank specialising in the police, emergency services and healthcare sectors. Faith has previously had senior

executive roles in local government and with professional services firms, EY, Deloitte and IBM. She brings a wealth of experience in cyber, technology and operational risk management, as well as digital strategy and transformation, governance, assurance, and regulatory compliance with Bachelor's Degrees in Economics and Computer Science.

Board of Directors

continued



Jenny Dempster:

Jenny is currently the Associate Program
Director of the Acute and Aged Medicine
Program, Box Hill Hospital and Director of
Nursing, Acute Medicine, Eastern Health.
She has a Masters in Public Health –
Health Service Management and a Bachelor
of Applied Science – Advanced Clinical Nursing.

Jenny has extensive management experience in both the public and private health sectors. Jenny brings a wealth of knowledge and skills to the Board in relation to asset management, clinical governance, executive management, human resources management, finance, risk management, information and communication technology.



Peter (Gerry) Watts:

Gerry has a strong grasp of hospital board governance and an extensive history in procurement, his most recent role being that of Regional Procurement Advisor with Health Purchasing Victoria, which supports a strong understanding of governance, process and probity. Gerry is a competent and experienced

Board member who is enthusiastic about his contribution to Central Gippsland Health. He holds an Advanced Diploma in Hospitality Management, a partial Masters of Information Systems and an AICD Clinical Governance qualification.



Lauren Carey:

An experienced communications specialist, Lauren currently leads the communication and marketing function as Manager Engagement and Customer Focus at Latrobe City Council. Prior to joining Council, Lauren spent nine years working in the power generation and mining sector as the External

Communications Manager for global company ENGIE's Hazelwood asset and holds a Bachelor in Public Relations. Born and schooled in Sale, Lauren has significant links to the Wellington Shire and is passionate about using her skills in corporate communications, stakeholder engagement, strategic leadership and governance to benefit the patients, residents and clients of Central Gippsland Health Service now and into the future.



Claire Miller:

Claire has over 10 years of board level experience across the public and commercial sectors with a focus on the utilities, resources, infrastructure and energy industries. In her executive capacity she has held the role of General Counsel and Company Secretary managing governance, compliance, risk and

audit functions across a range of industry sectors including energy, infrastructure, gas, utilities, resources, and property in government, ASX and private entities. Claire holds a Bachelor of Laws and a Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance. She is a board member of the Mine Land Rehabilitation Authority, and is an Audit and Risk Committee member for the Australian Radiation Protection and Nuclear Safety Agency.



Frankie MacLennan:

Frankie MacLennan lives on a farm near McLoughlins Beach. She has had a varied career in education, small business and most recently community engagement in public land management in Gippsland and Statewide. She has a Masters of Applied Science and is a graduate of the Australian Institute of

Company Directors. Frankie has recently completed a term as Chair of the Yarram and District Health Service and is a current board member of the East Gippsland Catchment Management Authority.



Arthur Skipitaris:

Arthur is currently the General Manager, Corporate Services for the Wellington Shire Council. Prior to this role, Arthur was a senior executive for the Finance Shared Services Division of General Electric, Australia and New Zealand. He was also the General Manager of Australia Post's Shared Services Division

and has worked in a number of senior banking and finance roles. Arthur holds a Bachelor of Business double major in Accounting and Economics, is a CPA, a Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia and a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Executive Staff as at 30 June 2021:

Chief Executive Officer: Mr Mark Dykgraaf

Interim Chief Nursing Officer: Mr Mark Dykgraaf

Executive Director Medical Services: Mr Mark Dykgraaf (acting)

Executive Director of Nursing (Sale Hospital):

Ms Mandy Pusmucans

Executive Director Aged Care: Ms Sally Weatherley

Executive Director Workforce Development & Planning:
Ms Suzanne Askew

Executive Director Clinical Governance & Medical Operations: Ms Kelli Mitchener

Executive Director Corporate Services: Ms Cherie Campbell

Ms Lucy Hunter, Latrobe Regional Hospital, Legal Counsel *Banker:* National Australia Bank Limited

Risk and Audit

Committee (Independent Members)

Lesley Fairhall (Independent Chair):

Lesley has retired from full-time employment as Finance Manager at Wellington Shire Council where she worked for 13 years. Prior to this, Lesley held positions at the Department of Defence (Resource Officer) and Gippsland and East Gippsland Aboriginal Co-operative Limited, Bairnsdale (Finance Manager). Lesley has worked in both small and large business and was the first Group Financial Controller for MYOB Ltd when it transitioned from a small, privately-owned entity to a publicly listed, global entity. Lesley holds a Bachelor of Commerce, double major in both Accounting and Computing, is a Fellow of CPA Australia and a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Sally Sibley (Independent Member):

Sally is the Quality Manager at Ramahyuck District Aboriginal Corporation, working with internal stakeholders to implement continuous quality improvement processes across all areas of the organisation. Sally has extensive experience in facilitating and conducting internal audits and improvement processes, and is an assessor with the independent international review body Quality Innovation Performance (QIP).

Graham Manson (Independent Member):

Graham is a director with the International Resilience Group (IRG), an independent consultancy company providing a range of resilience services within the public, private and not-for-profit sectors. Prior to establishing IRG, he was employed in a national role by the Australian Energy Market Operator where he focused on business security, crisis and contingency planning, emergency planning and response. Graham is an accomplished security, safety and emergency professional having presented to a number of organisations and businesses on crisis, security, emergency, brand protection and risk management throughout Asia and Australia.

As at 30 June 2021, non-independent members of the Risk & Audit Committee included: Mark Dykgraaf (Chief Executive Officer), Frankie MacLennan (Board member), Cherie Campbell (Executive Director Corporate Services), Claire Miller (Board member), Kelli Mitchener (Executive Director Clinical Governance & Medical Operations), Peter (Gerry) Watts (Board member), Emma Brennan (Chief Finance Officer).

Workforce

Labour Category	June Curre 2020	ent Month EFT 2021	Average l	Month EFT 2021
Administration & Clerical	107	118	101	101
Ancillary Staff (Allied Health)	52	46	53	52
Hospital Medical Officers	29	31	25	25
Hotel & Allied Services	150	119	149	120
Medical Officers	19	12	17	16
Medical Support	46	85	45	83
Nursing	265	279	259	258
Sessional Clinicians	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	668	690	649	655
Labour Category	June Curre	ent Month EFT	Average	Month EFT
	2020	2021	2020	2021
Central Gippsland				
Health Service	668	690	649	669
Heyfield Hospital	36	38	36	37
Heyfield Hospital Stretton Park	36 24	38 28	36 25	37 26

Central Gippsland Health Service is committed to the application of merit and equity principles when appointing staff. Selection processes ensure that applicants are assessed and evaluated fairly and equitably on the basis of the key selection criteria and other accountabilities, without discrimination. Employees have been correctly classified in workforce data collections.

Occupational Health & Safety and Occupational Violence

CGHS currently has 16 Health and Safety Representatives (HSRs) appointed. All HSRs are formally trained for the role and assist with hazard identification and incident investigations. A number of vacant HSR positions are currently in the process of being filled.

In addition to the HSRs, CGHS has six Harassment Contact Officers who are available to support staff with information concerning bullying or harassment and six Family Violence Contact Officers. All appointed staff have received specific training in their roles.

Mandatory online competencies continue to be the focus for bullying and harassment training. Face to face sessions have been impacted with just two (2) sessions conducted during 2020/21 due to COVID-19 restrictions on physical gatherings.

During 2020/21, five Occupational Health and Safety Committee meetings were held, in line with the Terms of Reference for this committee

An Occupational Violence and Aggression Incident Review Committee was established in 2019/20 and continued throughout 2020/21 to review incidents of aggression against staff and make recommendations for improving staff and patient safety.

(Occupational Health & Safety	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	
1	Number of reported hazards/incidents for the year per 100 EFT staff members	18.68	22.41	29.25	
2	. Number of 'lost time' standard claims for the year per 100 EFT staff members	0.99	2.16	0.63	
3	Average cost per claim for the year (including payments to date and an estimate of outstanding claim costs as advised by WorkSafe)	\$40,166	\$41,740	\$15,027	

Occupational Violence	2020/21	
WorkCover accepted claims with an occupational violence cause per 100 FTE	0	
Number of accepted WorkCover claims with lost time injury with an occupational violence cause per 1,000,000 hour	s worked 0	
Number of occupational violence incidents reported	54	
Number of occupational violence incidents reported per 100 FTE	8.58	
Percentage of occupational violence incidents resulting in a staff injury, illness or condition	0.767	

Definitions

For the purposes of the above statistics the following definitions apply.

Occupational violence: any incident where an employee is abused, threatened or assaulted in circumstances arising out of, or in the course of their employment.

Incident: an event or circumstance that could have resulted in, or did result in, harm to an employee.

Accepted WorkCover claims: Accepted WorkCover claims that were lodged in 2020/21.

Lost time: is defined as greater than one day.

Injury, illness or condition: This includes all reported harm as a result of the incident, regardless of whether the employee required time off work or submitted a claim.

Aboriginal Cultural Safety

Central Gippsland Health Service received a fixed grant during the financial year for the purpose of strengthening partnerships with local Aboriginal communities, increasing Aboriginal health staffing, and delivering cultural safety training.

Further information in relation to the grant can be found in the Aboriginal Cultural Safety Fixed Grant Requirements Cultural Safety Planning and Reporting 2020–21 on the Department of Health website at www.health.vic.gov.au

Some of the key actions underway or implemented at CGHS in support of Aboriginal cultural safety include (but are not limited to):

- Achievement of the key strategies in CGHS's first Reconciliation Action Plan (July 2019 to June 2021).
- Celebrating key cultural activities, including National Reconciliation Week, NAIDOC Week, National Sorry Day, National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Childrens Day, and Mabo Day.
- Acknowledging Traditional Owners of the Land at all relevant meetings and activities consistent with CGHS policy.
- Encouraging and seeking Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander representation on the CGHS Board of Directors.
- Maintaining Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander employment to at least ten employees, consistent with the CGHS Aboriginal Employment Plan.
- Maintaining the CGHS Aboriginal Hospital Liaison position.
- Providing professional development opportunities for the CGHS Aboriginal Liaison Officer and other Aboriginal staff, including attendance at statewide networking events.
- Maintaining CGHS's Aboriginal traineeship positions.

- Continuing to engage our Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Committee members in supporting employment of Aboriginal people into positions, including trainee positions.
- Supporting Aboriginal representation on our Community Liaison Group.
- Using local health service and statewide data to identify service needs and gaps, as well as providing this information to our Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Advisory Committee, Leadership and Management Committee, and our Aboriginal Hospital Liaison Officer.
- Budgeting for brokerage of funds to support patient care such as transport assistance, food vouchers, and accommodation support.
- Making cultural safety training available and mandatory for all staff.
- Developing a cultural mentoring network for existing staff and managers.
- Creating and displaying signs that acknowledge Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander works/spaces, including the Quiet Room, the Cultural Garden and the Cultural Totem Poles.
- Establishing a Torres Strait Islander flagpole at the Sale Hospital entrance (alongside the Aboriginal and Australian flagpoles).
- Displaying additional Aboriginal artworks in the hospital building, including our refurbished Critical Care Unit family room.
- Reviewing our training program in relation to identifying Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander peoples at all points of entry.
- Promoting our feedback pathways so that we are confident that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander patients and family have access to formal and culturally appropriate feedback processes.



Overview

of CGHS Services

Acute Care

Clinical Cardiology Critical Care Day Procedure Dialysis Emergency Rehabilitation Hospital in the Home Obstetrics and Gynaecology Special Care Nursery

Paediatrics Oncology General Medicine General Surgery Operating Suite

Pre-Admission

Visiting Specialist Services

General Surgery Genetics Medical Oncology Radiation Oncology Ophthalmology Paediatric Surgery Paediatric Endocrinology Paediatric Rehabilitation Colorectal Surgery Ear, Nose and Throat

Dermatology Gastroenterology Urology Orthopaedics

Vascular Surgery

Renal IVF

Upper Gastro Intestinal Surgery

Support Services - Acute Infection Control Wound Management Education and Training

Pharmacy Environmental Care Coordination Clinical Trials Alcohol and Other Drugs

Outpatient Services

Antenatal Cardiology

Cardiac and Pulmonary Rehabilitation

Domiciliary Support Falls Clinic Haematology Oncology Paediatric

Physical Rehabilitation Pre-Admission

Stomal and Wound Therapy Women's Health and Integrated Maternity Services

Aged Care Services

Residential Care

Maffra - McDonald Wing Sale - Wilson Lodge

Community Services

Allied Health to Acute and Community Settings

Physiotherapy Occupational Therapy Exercise Physiology Podiatry and Foot Care

Dietetics Speech Therapy Social Health

Koori Liaison

Community Health Community Health Nursing Respiratory Educator Diabetes Educator Maternal and Child Health

Volunteers

Community Dental Program

Health Promotion

Aged Care Residential in Reach

Nursing Support Home Care Packages

Home Support and Service Coordination

Personal Care Respite Care Delivered Meals Property Maintenance Planned Activity Groups Community Transport Care Coordination Carer Respite

Centralised Information and Intake

Home Nursing District Nursing Palliative Care

Continence Nurse Consultancy

Co-located Visiting Services Community Mental Health Family Court Counselling Family Mediation Primary Mental Health Disability Services

Overview

of CGHS Services continued

Support Services

Finance

Financial and Management

Reporting

Accounts Payable

Accounts Receivable

Fleet Management

Payroll Payroll

Salary Packaging

Workforce Planning and Development

Learning services

Human Resources

Payroll

Engineering

Building Maintenance and Development

Supply Services

Supply

Hotel Services
Food Services
Catering
Security

Waste Management Environmental Services Accommodation Management

Information Technology

Education

Information Service:

Medical Records

Freedom of Information/Privacy

Library

Administration

Strategic Planning

Fundraising

Quality and Risk Management

Rusiness Units

Medical Imaging

Linen Service

Consulting Suites

Dental Clinic

CGHS increases addiction support services

CGHS's Pharmacotherapy and Wellbeing Clinic in Sale celebrated its first anniversary in June 2021 and referrals to the clinic have increased significantly in the past 12 months.

The clinic allows Nurse Practitioner Terrie Strike, to offer a tailored, locally-based range of bulk billed, clinical and therapeutic interventions and ongoing support for anyone in the community who is struggling with wellbeing issues and addiction.

Terrie also provides maternal and post-natal care for soon to be mothers struggling with addiction, supporting them to navigate the maternal health system.

"Addiction is a growing concern and can have severe personal, financial, social and professional impacts," Terrie said.

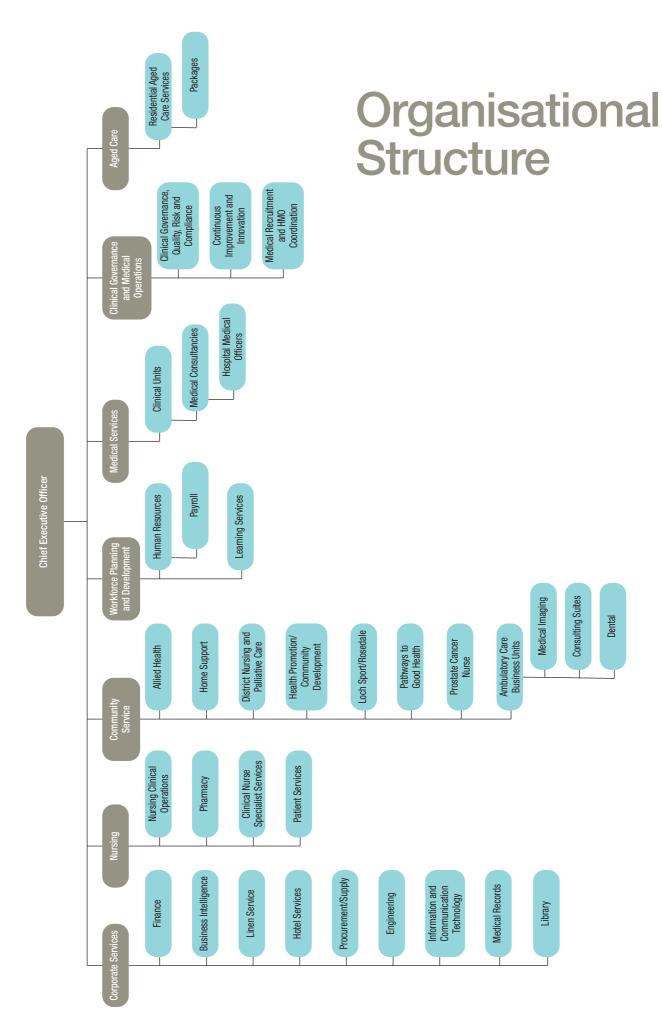
Prior to the establishment of the Pharmacotherapy and Wellbeing Clinic, CGHS provided clinical in- patient medical assisted detoxification services to those commencing recovery from alcohol and substance abuse.

Terrie has over 25 years of international experience in addiction support. As a credentialed Mental Health and Learning Disability Nurse, Terrie can also consider the wider issues that addiction brings to those seeking support and recovery.

"Alcohol and substance addiction can lead to serious health issues that can go undetected and worsen over many years," Terrie said.

"Early addiction recovery support can prevent their onset and improve overall health, in particular the CGHS clinic can also provide free Hepatitis C treatment, Hepatitis B vaccination and assist with pain management whilst providing referral links to other health specialists."





Support Groups

Friends of Central Gippsland Health Service

The last year, as it has been for so many, has been a very different year for our Auxiliary.

Due to COVID-19 restrictions, we were unable to meet regularly and relied primarily on telephone contact to stay in touch and progress our objectives for the year.

We were unable to run most of our annual fundraising events / raffles, although we did provide our annual Christmas wrapping service at the shopping centre. We thank the Gippsland Centre for their continued support of this endeavour.

We also received funds from Richies IGA through their Community Benefits scheme and raised \$1,000 through our Easter Raffle.

The Auxiliary has selected a number of items to be purchased for the Critical Care Unit, Surgical Ward, Operating Theatre and Emergency Department which will be received early in the new year. These include a bladder scanner, syringe driver, peroxide cabinet and blood warmer.

Again, we thank our committed office bearers, members and community supporters - we couldn't do what we do without your support.

Elva Doolan-Jones President

Maffra Hospital Auxiliary

I am pleased to report on the Maffra Hospital Auxiliary for the past year.

Although we have not held any fundraising activities, we have been very fortunate to receive generous donations from the community. A donation of \$4,000 was given to us by a local family in appreciation of the care received at the hospital by their mother.

We once again gave individual Christmas gifts to every resident. The wonderful nursing staff put in a great deal of time and effort to give us ideas. Auxiliary members had fun shopping for the wide variety of things suggested. Each gift was wrapped and given out at an afternoon tea. This was a very pleasant occasion and every recipient seemed delighted with their gift.

Funds have been allocated to purchase items such as hairdryers, iPad mats, Bluetooth speakers and other miscellaneous items for use in McDonald Wing. We will be consulting with hospital management for further ways we can assist in the coming year.

Although it has been difficult to hold regular meetings we have continued to get together for informal lunch meetings. I commend the Auxiliary Members for their continued interest and support during these uncertain times.

Ruth Ralph President, Maffra Hospital Auxiliary

Our Volunteers

Central Gippsland Health Service acknowledges the vital contribution of our volunteers during the past year.

While a number of volunteering programs were forced to be suspended due to COVID-19, several programs continued, such as the delivery of Meals on Wheels and Patient Transport.

These groups of dedicated individuals help us make a very real difference in the lives of our patients, clients, staff and residents, and we could not do what we do without them.

We thank our volunteers for the generous giving of their time to further the wellbeing of our community, and consider them partners in achieving our vision of a safe and healthy community where everyone feels valued, supported and can participate.

Donations

Donation from Semmens, Hatch & Anderson: \$60,921 General Donations: \$35,741

Total: \$96,662

A life-changing acquisition

A self-propelled electric wheelchair has changed the life of one particular resident at Wilson Lodge in Sale.

The \$15,000 wheelchair is a first for the Central Gippsland Health (CGH) Aged Care Network and is now a lifeline for Helmut Blasius, 66. As a double amputee, he relies on a wheelchair in his day-to-day life.

Wilson Lodge Nurse Unit Manager, Caron Mallet, said there was an instant change in Helmut's demeanor the minute he sat in the chair. "You just can't put a price on that," she said.

"When he is in his electric chair, he's a different person...he zips around and gives all the nurses cheek!"

It wasn't always like that for Helmut. Prior to the electric chair, Helmut would often prefer to stay in his room where he became quite isolated, not wanting to become a burden.

"To get around, Helmut always needed a nurse with him to push him around," Ms Mallet explained. "Now, he has total independence. He can go out into the garden with his wife and grandchildren without having a nurse with them."

Helmut was assisted by a physiotherapist to learn how to use the self-propelled electric wheelchair and now other residents are being taught how to use it.

"It's really been a game-changer for all of us here," Ms Mallet said.

Lifesaving equipment for critically ill children

In July 2020, the Humpty Dumpty Foundation donated an EZ-IO drill to the Critical Care Unit (CCU) at CGHS.

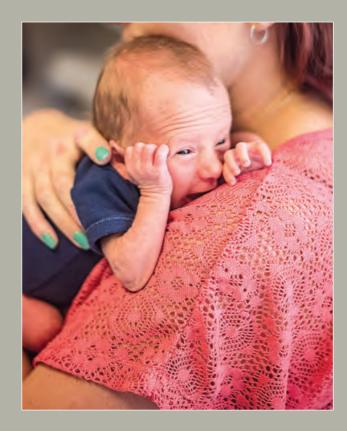
The EZ-IO power drill kit is an essential piece of resuscitation equipment used to gain vascular access in critically ill children and babies when intravenous access cannot be established.

Then CGHS Chief Executive Officer, Dr Frank Evans, said the drill kit was used to place a needle into the bone within 10 seconds through which lifesaving medication and fluids could then be administered.

"Now more than ever, hospitals and healthcare services appreciate the support of organisations like the Humpty Dumpty Foundation to help to continue our critical work of providing essential and often lifesaving services," Dr Evans said.

Humpty Dumpty Foundation founder and Executive Chairman, Paul Francis OAM, began fundraising in 1990 and in 1996, the Humpty Dumpty Foundation was officially born.

The Humpty Dumpty Foundation purchases lifesaving medical equipment specifically requested by 425 hospitals and health services across Australia. Each piece of medical equipment requested is stringently assessed by Humpty's medical sub-committee.



New treatment chair for district nursing

The District Nursing Service (DNS) purchased a new treatment chair thanks to the generous donations of both the North Gippsland Group and the Bundalaguah Branch of the Country Women's Association.

The electronically controlled, multi-functional treatment chair is based at the DNS Clinic in the community building at CGHS in Sale

Nurse Unit Manager, Sue Shadbolt, said not only did the new chair meet the needs of patients, but it made the job of nurses a lot easier.

"The DNS has previously used a manual treatment chair which means nurses had to physically lift the feet and head of the chair to adjust to patient's needs," she explained.

"The new electronic chair has arms and is wider than the one we had previously. It was purchased after the nurses made a list of the important aspects that would be required to assist our patients and improve their working environment."

Pictured right, DNS patient, Margaret Webber, testing out the new treatment chair with Nurse Unit Manager, Sue Shadbolt.



Our People

Senior Management Team as at 30 June 2021

Chief Executive Officer: Mr Mark Dykgraaf Interim Chief Nursing Officer: Mr Mark Dykgraaf

Executive Director Aged & Ambulatory Care: Mr Paul Head (seconded to Yarram District Health Service in the role of CEO from 29 March 2021)

Executive Director of Nursing (Sale Hospital):

Ms Mandy Pusmucans

Executive Director of Aged Care: Ms Sally Weatherley

Executive Director Clinical Governance & Medical Operations

Ms Kelli Mitchener

Executive Director Workforce Planning & Development:

Ms Suzanne Askew

Executive Director Corporate Services: Ms Cherie Campbell

Acting Executive Director Medical Services: Mr Mark Dykgraaf

Chief Finance Officer: Ms Emma Brennan

Acting Director of Pharmacu: Ms Jacqueline Richards

General Manager Human Resources: Mr Kevin Gray

General Manager Business Performance: Mr Craig Kingham

General Manager Community Services: Ms Rachel Strauss

General Manager Allied Health: Ms Kristen Millar

Senior Medical and Dental Staff 2020/2021

Anaesthetist Consultants

Dr A Green Dr H Wassermann

Anaesthetist GPs

Dr J Braga Dr N Fenner Dr R Nandha Dr C O'Kane Dr R Phair Dr A Wong

Cardiologist (Outreach consulting)

Dr A Wilson Dr L Selkrig

Cardiologist (Interventional -

Outreach consulting) Dr S Palmer

Dentists

Dr I Wen

Dr O Husodo Dr B Pedrotti Dr J Roberts Dr D Wang Dr L Rabel Dr T Gulwani Dr M Rahufi

Dermatologists

Dr F Bhabha Dr J Horton Dr J Kern Dr A Mar Dr D Orchard Dr A Gin

Director Medical Services

Dr Harvey Lee (until March 2021) Echo Cardiologist

Dr.J Gutman

Emergency Medicine

Senior Medical Officers Dr A Al-Safi Dr S Dobber

Gastroenterologists

Dr M Rvan

Dr S Sivabalan

General Practitioners

Dr Y Ahmad Dr S Anderson Dr JM Bergin Dr S Christian Dr S L Choy Dr P Dandv

General Practitioners (cont)

Dr F Gault Dr N Ho Dr Y Jiang Dr B Johnston Dr P Marosszeky Dr DA Monash Dr D Mudunna

Dr S Dobber

Dr IC Nicolson (Head of Unit)

Dr R Nandha Dr C O'Kane Dr G Pathania Dr A Roberts Dr K Seach Dr H Stanley Dr E Stathakopoulos

Dr P Stevens Dr F Sundermann

Dr S Tan Dr T Walsh Dr I A Waters Dr AJ Watt Dr AJ Wright Dr M Young

Haematology

Dr A Ormerod Dr N Bingham Dr H Stevens Dr J Wong Dr T Wright

IVF/Gynaecology

Dr G Weston

Nephrologists Prof D Power

Dr V Roberts

Nuclear Medicine Physician

Dr Y Jenkin

Obstetricians and **Gynaecologists**

Dr S Choudhuri Dr Y Hana Dr R Pandian Dr A Sarkar

Obstetricians GP

Dr C O'Kane Dr J Braga

Oncologist (Medical)

Dr S Joshi Dr A Fallah Dr M Iddawela Dr A Jalali Dr M Lam Dr F Samuel Dr B Shah

Oncologists (Radiation)

Dr R Nair

Ophthalmologist

Mr A Amini Dr T Edwards

Orthopaedic Surgeons

Mr P Rehfisch Mr M Thomas

Otorhinolaryngologists (ENT)

Dr V Mahanta

Dr S Tudge (indigenous outreach)

Paediatricians

Dr L. Jindal Dr S Rana

Dr S Subiramanian, (Head of Unit)

Dr S Reid Dr A Shee

Paediatric Endocrinologist

(Consulting) Dr J Brown

Paediatric Surgeons

Mr P Ferguson Mr C Kimber Pain Physician Dr Aravinthan

Physicians

Dr M Cheah Dr H Connor

Dr K Mandaleson (Head of Unit until

December 2020) Dr N Uddin

Physicians (Infectious Diseases)

Dr D Griffin (maternity cover)

Radiologists

Dr H Aw Yeang Dr M Gupta Dr S Kapur Dr H Patel Dr S P Tan Dr A Tripathi Dr P Ukwatta Dr R Wijeratne Dr U Patel

Surgeons General

Mr R Nair, (Head of Unit)

Mr P Strauss Mr S Syed Mr R Xu

Surgeon Upper GI Mr S Banting

Surgeon Vascular (Consulting)

Mr N Roberts Urologist Mr P McCahy

Our People

continued

Acute and Aged Care Services as at 30 June 2021

Surgical Services

Head of Unit, Surgery: Radha Nair

Nurse Unit Manager, Surgical:

Gary McMillan

Nurse Unit Manager, Perioperative Services:

Mauricio Yanez

Obstetric/Paediatric Unit

Head of Unit, Obstetrics and Paediatrics:

Sabapathi Subiramanian

Nurse Unit Manager, Obstetrics and Paediatrics: Kim Costin and

Linda Glover

Medical Services

Executive Director Medical Services: Mark Dykgraaf (acting)

Executive Director Clinical Governance and Medical Operations: Kelli Mitchener

Interim Chief Medical Officer

Saifulla Syed

Nurse Unit Manager,

Critical Care: Jenny Dennett and Courtney Redaelli

Nurse Unit Manager Dialysis, Cardiology, Oncology:

Jenny Dennett

Nurse Unit Manager, Medical:

Sue Rowley

Nurse Unit Manager, Emergency: Tom Breakspear

Hospital Medical Officer
Manager: Jacqueline Southall

Clinical Governance/ Oualitu

Executive Director Clinical Governance and Medical

Operations: Kelli Mitchener **Manager Quality and Risk:**

Michael Klein

Manager Improvement and Innovation: Katrina Hall

Quality Specialist, Aged Care:

Kerrin Komen

Clinical Support Services

Executive Director of Nursing:

Mandy Pusmucans

Hospital Coordinators:

Tracy McConnell-Henry, Leanne Perkins, Janny Steed, Therese Smyth, Anita Sorensen, Caroline Rossetti, Astrid Little,

Jayne Maddick

Director of Pharmacy:Jacqueline Richards (acting)

Infection Control Clinical Nurse

Consultants: Cathy Mowat, Andrea Page, Nicole Gourley

Wound/Stomal Therapy Clinical Nurse Consultant: Ann Payne

Maffra Campus

Director of Nursing:Sally Weatherley

Nurse Unit Manager, Maffra: Vino Mahilall (acting)

Aged Care Services

Executive Director Aged Care:

Sally Weatherley

General Manager Aged Care:

Caron Mallett (acting)

Nurse Unit Manager,

Wilson Lodge:

This of Manage.

Ethel Manganda (acting)

Nurse Unit Manager, JHF McDonald Wing Maffra:

Vino Mahilall (acting)

Ambulatory Care

General Manager Community

Service: Rachel Strauss

General Manager Allied Health:

Kristen Millar

Nurse Unit Manager, District

Nursing: Sue Shadbolt Manager, Dietetics:

Andrea Schofield

Manager, Speech Pathology:

Kath Cook

Manager, Social Health:

Kristen Millar

Ambulatory Care (cont)

Clinical Lead, Occupational

Therapy: Jessie Duncan

Clinical Lead, Physiotherapy

and Exercise Physiology:

Jenny McGuinness

Palliative Care Clinical Nurse

Consultant: Janine Craft

Corporate Services

Executive Director Corporate

Services: Cherie Campbell General Manager Business Performance: Craig Kingham

Chief Finance Officer:

Emma Brennan

Engineering Services Supervisor:

David Martin

Hotel Services Manager:

David Askew

Supply Manager:

Leon Schoenmaekers

Librarian: Helen Ried

Workforce Planning and Development

Executive Director Workforce

Planning and Development:

Suzanne Askew

General Manager Human

Resources: Kevin Gray

Manager Workforce

Davidson voikioice

Development: Janelle Stewart

Payroll Manager: Raquel King

Business Units

Manager Ambulatory Care
Business Units: Melissa Schipper

Medical Imaging Practice Manager: Simon Waixel

Sale Central Linen Service

Manager: Adam Crotty
Team Leader, Dental:

Emilie Monash

Statutory Compliance

Central Gippsland Health Service (CGHS) is a public hospital listed in Schedule 1 to the *Health Services Act 1988* (the Act). CGHS is an incorporated body regulated by the Act.

The responsible Minister is the Minister for Health:

From 1 July 2020 to 26 September 2020

Jenny Mikakos, MP

Minister for Health

Minister for Ambulance Services

Minister for Equality

From 26 September 2020 to 30 June 2021

The Hon Martin Foley, MP

Minister for Health

Minister for Ambulance Services

Minister for Equality

The Minister for Mental Health is:

From 1 July 2020 to 29 September 2020

The Hon Martin Foley MP

Minister for Mental Health

Minister for Equality

From 29 September 2020 to 30 June 2021

The Hon James Merlino MP

Minister for Mental Health

Reporting Requirements

The information requirements listed in the Financial Management Act 1994 (the Act), the Standing Directions of the Minister for Finance under the Act (Section 4 Financial Management Reporting); and Financial Reporting Directions have been prepared and are available to the relevant Minister, Members of Parliament and the public on request.

Objectives, functions, powers and duties of Central Gippsland Health Service

The principal objective of Central Gippsland Health Service (CGHS) is to provide public hospital services in accordance with the Australian Health Care Agreement (Medicare) principles. In addition to these, CGHS has set other objectives which encompass the shared vision, core values and strategic directions of the organisation.

Local Jobs First Disclosure

During 2020/21, Central Gippsland Health Service did not enter into any contracts under the criteria specified in Section 9 of the Local Jobs First Act 2003.

Gender Equality Act 2020

Central Gippsland Health Service is working towards initiatives to support the Gender Equality Act 2020 (the Act) – an important milestone for gender equality in our State.

The reform will improve workplace gender equality in many Victorian public sector organisations and positively impact the communities we serve. The Act will assist us to break down outdated stereotypes and systemic inequalities through providing greater transparency about the advancement of gender equality within our organisation.

The Act requires us to:

- consider and promote gender equality in our organisation
- conduct gender impact assessments for all new public policies, programs and services we develop
- undertake workplace gender audits to assess the state and nature of gender inequality in our workplace
- develop and implement strategies and measures to make reasonable and material progress towards gender equality
- report our progress on all of the above.

To do this we are currently undertaking a Gender Equality Audit to assist us to identify our current gaps and what we need to do to improve gender equality in our organisation.

Details of consultancies (under \$10,000)

In 2020–21, there were 10 consultancies where the total fees payable to the consultants were less than \$10,000. The total expenditure incurred during 2020–21 in relation to these consultancies is \$37,292 (excl. GST).

Details of consultancies (valued at \$10,000 or greater)

In 2020–21, there were 3 consultancies where the total fees payable to the consultants were less than \$10,000 or greater. The total expenditure incurred during 2020–21 in relation to these consultancies is \$52,944 (excl. GST). Details of individual consultancies can be viewed at www.cghs.com.au

Consultant	Purpose of consultancy	Start Date	End Date	Total approved project fee (excluding GST)	Expenditure 2020/21 (excluding GST)	Future expenditure (excluding GST)
Food Safety Acts	Audit of Central Gippsland Health's Food Safety Plan	7 Oct 2020	12 Oct 2020		848	-
Fragomen (Australia) Pty Limited	Assessment of Employer Nomination cheme for Visa Eligibility	1 Apr 2021	30 Apr 2021		5,809	-
Gippsland Municipal Valuations Pty Ltd	Property Valuation services	10ct 2020	8 Oct 2020		790 7,447	-

Consultant	Purpose of consultancy	Start Date	End Date	Total approved project fee (excluding GST)	Expenditure 2020/21 (excluding GST)	Future expenditure (excluding GST)
Karoo Consultancy Pty Ltd	Evaluation of Short-Term Restorative Care Services				1,920	-
Russell Kennedy Solicitors	Legal Services	12 Aug 2020	12 Aug 2020		2,500	-
Syris Consulting Costing Project	Consultation on Outpatient	1 Jul 2020	30 Jun 2021		4,800	-
Zucini Pty Ltd of Clinical Practice	Review of the Aspects	1 Mar 2021	24 Mar 2021		2,325	-
Von Retzlaff Janine Marie	Dietician Consultancy on Menus				8,500	-
Simon Hugh Fraser	External Review of MedicalServices Risks	29 Jan 2021	28 Feb 2021		2,300	-
RSM Bird Cameron	Payroll Consulting Services				7,500	-
Debra A Smith	Assessment of Pathways to Good Health Program	1 Aug 2020	31 May 2021	11,590	11,590	-
Riley Carmel P	Review of Maternal and Child Health Service	1 Nov 2020	30 Apr 2021	19,500	19,500	-
Service Industry Advisory Group	Engagement for Enterprise Bargaining Agreement Negotiations	1 Jul 2020	30 Jun 2021	21,854	21,854	-
					82,789	

National Competition Policy

Central Gippsland Health Service complies with the National Competition Policy including compliance with the requirements of the policy statement *Competitive Neutrality Policy Victoria* and subsequent reforms.

Competitive neutrality is seen as a complementary mechanism to the ongoing quest to increase operating efficiencies by way of benchmarking and embracing better work practices.

Central Gippsland Health Service complies with all government policies regarding competitive neutrality with respect to all tender applications.

Building Act 1993 Compliance

Central Gippsland Health Service complies with the building and maintenance provisions of the Building Act 1993, including relevant provisions of the *National Construction Code*.

All new work and redevelopment of existing properties is carried out to conform to the above legislation. The local authority or a building surveyor issues either a Certificate of Final Inspection or an Occupancy Permit for all new works or upgrades to existing facilities.

Five yearly fire risk audits were conducted within the 2020/21 financial year and in compliance with Department of Health *Fire Risk Management Guidelines*.

Central Gippsland Health Service installs and maintains fire safety equipment in accordance with building regulations and regularly conducts audits. The upgrading of fire prevention equipment in buildings is also undertaken as part of any general upgrade of properties, where necessary, and is identified in maintenance inspections.

	Non Residential	Residential
Loch Sport		
Community Health Centre	1	
Community Care	1	
Community Rehabilitation Centre	1	
Heyfield Hospital		1
Laurina Lodge		1
Maffra Hospital		1
Stretton Park		1
Sale Hospital		1
Wilson Lodge		1

Central Gippsland Health Service requires building practitioners engaged on building works to be registered and to maintain registration throughout the course of the building works.

Safe Patient Care Act 2015

Central Gippsland Health Service has no matters to report in relation to its obligations under section 40 of the *Safe Patient Care Act 2015*.

Freedom of Information Act 1982

Requests for documents in the possession of Central Gippsland Health Service are directed to the Freedom of Information Manager and all requests are processed in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act 1982.

A total of 90 requests under the *Freedom of Information Act 1982* were processed during the 2020/21 financial year. There were 89 personal requests made by applicants or their agents (e.g. solicitors) and one was a non-personal request where the applicant request was about another person.

A fee is levied for this service based on the time involved in retrieving and copying the requested documents.

Central Gippsland Health Services's nominated officers under the Freedom of Information Act 1982 are:

Principal Officer

Mr Mark Dykgraaf, Chief Executive Officer.

Freedom of Information Manager

Ms Sharon Shaw, Chief Health Information Manager.

Privacy

Central Gippsland Health Service has embraced privacy legislation and is committed to ensuring that consumer and staff rights to privacy are upheld at all times. The organisation has proper processes and policies in place to ensure compliance with privacy legislation and to provide information to staff and consumers regarding privacy rights and responsibilities.

All Central Gippsland Health Service consumers have the right to have personal information stored in a secure location and to be assured that only information necessary to ensure high-quality health care is to be collected. Central Gippsland Health Service has implemented a privacy complaints procedure accessible by both staff and consumers that monitors and enforces privacy issues.

Statutory Compliance

continued

Public Interest Disclosure Act 2012

Central Gippsland Health Service complies with the regulations in the *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2012* (the Act) which came into operation on 10 February 2013 (amended on 6 April 2020). The purposes of the Act are to:

- · encourage and facilitate disclosures of:
- (i) improper conduct by public officers, public bodies and other persons, and
- (ii) detrimental action taken in reprisal for a person making a disclosure under the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2021.
- provide protection for:
- (i) persons who make those disclosures, and
- (ii) persons who may suffer detrimental action in reprisal for those disclosures.
- provide for the confidentiality of the content of those disclosures and the identity of persons who make those disclosures.

These procedures, established by the public body under Part 9 are available to all staff on our organisational document management system (PROMPT) and included in our onboarding handbook for all new employees.

During 2020/21, there were no disclosures notified to the Independent Broad-Based Anti-Corruption Commission (IBAC) under Section 21(2).

Initiating positive change

In September 2020, CGHS was recognised for initiating change in health behaviours within the organisation by achieving the benchmarks for the Alcohol and Other Drugs health priority area of the Healthy Workplaces Achievement Program.

By registering under the program, CGHS worked alongside an evidence-based health and wellbeing framework that is aligned with the World Health Organisation's model for health-promoting healthy workplaces.

Then CGHS Chief Executive Officer, Dr Frank Evans, said by creating a healthy workplace CGHS was helping staff make healthier choices, while improving the culture of the organisation overall.

"Our involvement in the Healthy Workplaces Achievement Program is about creating and emphasising the support available to staff, while highlighting our responsibilities as an organisation to commit to creating a healthier culture around alcohol and increasing access to information and support," Dr Evans explained.

"It's good for everyone; it enhances personal and organisational resilience, increases productivity and success, and it's simply the right thing to do."

To achieve the benchmarks, CGHS;

- Reviewed its Use of Alcohol and Drugs at CGHS procedure
- Increased access to information about support services
- Improved training opportunities for managers and clinical staff to better understand referral options and pathways
- Ensured all events promoted safe alcohol consumption
- Committed to participating in community initiatives that raised awareness about the harmful use of alcohol and drugs

At CGHS, all staff are encouraged to contribute, both in looking after their own health and in creating a healthy workplace culture and environment.

"The Alcohol and Other Drugs working group had great representation across the organisation and this really helped us engage employees in collective decision making to introduce solutions that were innovative," Dr Evans said.

"We are all very proud of achieving this benchmark where a few vital behaviour changes can have a major impact."

Additional information available on request

Details in respect of the items listed below have been retained by CGHS and are available to the relevant Ministers, Members of Parliament and the public on request (subject to the Freedom of Information requirements, if applicable):

- Declarations of pecuniary interest have been duly completed by all relevant officers;
- Details of shares held by senior officers as nominee or held beneficially;
- Details of publications produced by the entity about itself, and how these can be obtained;
- Details of changes in prices, fees, charges, rates and levies charged by the health service;
- Details of any major external reviews carried out on the health service:
- Details of major research and development activities undertaken by the health service that are not otherwise covered either in the report of operations or in a document that contains the financial statements and report of operations:
- Details of overseas visits undertaken including a summary of the objectives and outcomes of each visit;
- Details of major promotional, public relations and marketing activities undertaken by the health service to develop community awareness of the health service and its services;
- Details of assessments and measures undertaken to improve the occupational health and safety of employees;
- A general statement on industrial relations within the health service and details of time lost through industrial accidents and disputes, which is not otherwise detailed in the report of operations;
- A list of major committees sponsored by the health service, the purposes of each committee and the extent to which those purposes have been achieved:
- Details of all consultancies and contractors including consultants/contractors engaged, services provided, and expenditure committed for each engagement.

Report of Operations

Key Performance Indicators Activity Data

Admitted Services	
Separations	
Same Day	7,605
Multi Day	4,941
Sub-Acute	281
Total Separations	12,827
Theatre Services	
Emergency Surgery	451
Elective Surgery	3,459
Total Surgical Occasions	3,910
Total WIES	7,507.16
Bed Days	29,469
Emergency Department Attendances	16,206
Mothers Delivered	410
Community Services	
Meals Delivered	10,069
Hours delivered to externally funded community, aged care package	clients 23,528
Palliative Care Contacts	8,708
Non-admitted Subacute and Specialist Outpatient Clinic Service Ev	rents 29,829

Summary of Financial Results

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Operating Result					
Total Revenue	117,550	109,722	101,782	98,088	91,831
Total Expenses	121,584	114,486	104,485	98,369	95,148
Net result from transactions	-4,034	-4,764	2,703	- 281	- 3,317
Total other economic flows	-30	-56	70	- 36,053	- 35,772
Net Result	-4,064	-4,820	2,773	43,387	43,668
Total Assets	88,065	83,370	86,668	70,920	68,006
Total Liabilities	41,633	33,898	32,259	27,533	24,338
Net Assets/Total Equity	46,432	49,472	54,409	43,387	43,668



A summary of significant changes in financial position during the year

The net financial position for CGHS was a net operating loss after depreciation of \$3.2M compared to the 2020 result of \$4.8 million (a difference of \$1.6 million). The change in the result was mainly due to a revaluation of \$0.86 million recognised in 2021 and gain on sale of non-financial assets of \$0.210 million. The remainder of the change in financial position was due to increased revenue.

Revenue for the year increased to \$117.5 million from \$109.7 million (2020) with the significant contributor being State Government Grants; whilst expenses for the year increased from \$114.5 million (2020) to \$121.5 million with the significant contributor as employee expenses.

More specific disclosures on the changes in the financial result in 2021 compared to 2020 are provided in the financial statements section of this annual report.

The operational and budgetary objectives of the health service

During the financial year, operational and budgetary objectives included activities and achievements to deliver a balanced budget position. The 2020/21 operations were impacted by the State of Emergency declared due to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and regional floods. As a result of the pandemic, CGHS experienced a period of reduced activity. The Department of Health (DH) provided CGHS with support in the form of redirected activity-based funding. DH supported CGHS to the value of activity reductions and COVID-19 associated expenses.

CGHS has undertaken a review of its procurement activity to improve social awareness in our procurement decision making, setting a target of 1% of total expenditure with suppliers, which is expected to improve annually. In 2021, CGHS spent \$0.726 million with social benefit suppliers which was 2.4% and ahead of target.

More specific disclosures on the impact of COVID-19 are provided in the financial statements section of this annual report.

Events subsequent to balance date

There were no events subsequent to balance date with the exception of the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Reconciliation of Net result from Transactions and Operating Result

	2020/2021	
	\$'000	
Operating Result	693	
Capital Purpose Income	2551	
Depreciation	-7278	
Net operating result	-4034	
Impairment	863	
Finance Costs	-74	
Specific Income	96	
COVID State Supply Received	579	
COVID State Supply Used	-587	
Assets Provided	-588	
Assets Received	1174	
Expenditure on Capital Purpose	-630	
Net result from transactions	-3201	

Asset Management Accountability Framework (AMAF) maturity assessment

The following sections summarise Central Gippsland Health Service's assessment of maturity against the requirements of the Asset Management Accountability Framework (AMAF). The AMAF is a non-prescriptive, devolved accountability model of asset management that requires compliance with 41 mandatory requirements. These requirements can be found on the Department of Treasury and Finance website (https://www.dtf.vic.gov.au/infrastructure-investment/assetmanagement-accountability-framework).

The Central Gippsland Health Service's target maturity rating is 'competence', meaning systems and processes fully in place, consistently applied and systematically meeting the AMAF requirement, including a continuous improvement process to expand system performance above AMAF minimum requirements.

Leadership and Accountability (requirements 1-19)

Central Gippsland Health Service has met or exceeded its target maturity level under most requirements within this category. Central Gippsland Health Service did not comply with some requirements in the areas of allocating asset management responsibility and evaluation of asset performance requirements. There is no material non-compliance reported in this category. A plan for improvement is in place to improve Central Gippsland Health Service's maturity rating in these areas.

Planning (requirements 20-23)

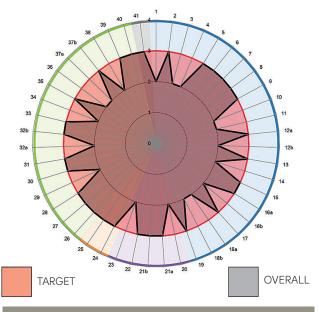
Central Gippsland Health Service has met its target maturity level under most requirements within this category.

Acquisition (requirements 24 and 25)

Central Gippsland Health Service has met its target maturity level in this category.

Operation (requirements 26-40)

Central Gippsland Health Service has met its target maturity level under most requirements within this category. Central Gippsland Health did not comply with some requirements in the areas of monitoring and preventative action and information management. Monitoring and preventative action is an area of material non-compliance. Central Gippsland Health Service is developing a plan for improvement to establish processes to proactively identify potential asset performance failures and identify options for preventive action.



LEGEND							
Status	Scale	Status	Scale				
Not Applicable	N/A	Competence	3				
Innocence	0	Optimising	4				
Awareness	1	Unassessed	U/A				
Developing	2						

Disposal (requirement 41)

Central Gippsland Health Service has met its target maturity level in this category.

Environmental

Performance

CGHS has had to delay a number of our improvement initiatives as a result of restrictions associated with COVID-19. However, where possible we have continued measures to improve our environmental impact through the following works:

- Ongoing upgrades to the Carrier Building Management System to improve control of heating/cooling, increasing efficiencies.
- Our solar installation continues to provide reductions in annual carbon emissions along with an overall 30% energy saving since the installation.
- Ongoing rollout of replacing all fluorescent tube lighting with efficient LED fittings at Sale and Maffra campuses providing reductions in peak and off-peak electricity consumption.
- During recent refurbishments and renovations, CGHS has undertaken to install fixtures, fittings and equipment that reduce water usage, such as improved technologies in Central Sterile Supply Department and water savings fixtures in the Critical Care Unit.
- CGHS greenhouse gas emissions (scope 2) for the reporting period were 1989.2 tonnes CO2 compared to the previous years' 2096. Our scope 1 greenhouse gas emissions are minimal and we are working to cease these altogether.

Environmental

Performance continued

Environmental impacts and energy usage	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Energyuse			
Energy use Electricity (MWh)	14,941	12,534	13,521
Natural Gas (kL)	28,934	31,504	34,1174
	20,934	31,304	34,11/4
Carbon emissions (thousand tonnes of CO ₂ e)			
Electricity	4.4	3.5	3.7
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	1.5	1.6	1.7
Total emissions	5.9	5.1	5.4
Water use (millions litres)			
Potable Water	56.7	54.1	52.1
Factors influencing environmental impacts	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Floor area (m2)	29,248	29,300	29,455
Separations	12,393	12,059	12.788
In-Patient Bed Days	28,246	27,930	29,326
, and the second se	26,486	<i>'</i>	
Aged Care Bed Nights	26,486	25,576	25,562

Benchmark 2020/21	Average for peer group	Your value	% above/ below ave.	
Carbon emissions				
CO2e(t) per m	0.11	0.12	9.09%	
CO2e(t) per OBD	0.04	0.10	150%	
CO2e(t) per Seps	1.33	0.29	-78.20%	
Water use				
kL per m2	0.90	1.77	96.45%	
kL per OBD	0.34	0.95	179.07%	
kL per Seps	11.01	4.07	-63.01%	
Expenditure rates				
Total utility spend (\$/m2)	27	31.26	15.77%	
Electricity (\$/kWh)	0	.05	-74%	
Potable Water (\$/kL)	3	4.63	54.21%	
LPG (\$/kL)	698			
Additional measures (not included in benchmarking chart)				
Total utility spend (\$/Separations)		72.00		
Total utility spend (\$/In-Patient Bed Days)		8.96		
Total utility spend (\$/Aged Care Bed Nights)		7.81		
is tall a strong open a (47.1 god od. o Bod i iligino)				

General notes

- 1. Information in this report is sourced from data provided by retailers and in some cases data manually uploaded by health services into Eden Suite. Data has not been externally validated. All annual values represent a year ending 30 June.
- 2. Emissions are calculated using the carbon factors for the year in which the emissions were generated. For health services provided with energy (electricity and steam) under the co-generation ESA (energy services agreement) carbon factors provided by the energy retailer are used.
- 3. Electricity consumption values exclude line losses; some energy retailers include losses in reported values.
- 4. Occupied bed days (OBD) include both inpatient and aged care data, unless stated otherwise.

ICT

Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Expenditure

The total ICT expenditure incurred during 2020/21 is \$4.381 million (excluding GST) with the details shown below:

Business as Usual (BAU) ICT Expenditure	Non-Business as Usual (non-BAU) ICT Expenditure		
Total (excluding GST)	Total= operational and capital expenditure (excluding GST)	Operational expenditure (excluding GST)	Capital expenditure (excluding GST)
\$0.502m	\$3.879 million	\$3.610 million	\$0.269 million

Data Integrity

I, Mark Dykgraaf, certify that Central Gippsland Health Service has put in place appropriate internal controls and processes to ensure that reported data accurately reflects actual performance. Central Gippsland Health Service has critically reviewed these controls and processes during the year.

Mark Dykgraaf Accountable Officer Central Gippsland Health Service 16 July 2021

Integrity, Fraud and Corruption

I, Mark Dykgraaf, certify that Central Gippsland Health Service has put in place appropriate internal controls and processes to ensure that integrity, fraud and corruption risks have been reviewed and addressed at Central Gippsland Health Service during the year.

Mark Dykgraaf Accountable Officer Central Gippsland Health Service 16 July 2021

Conflict of Interest

I, Mark Dykgraaf, certify that Central Gippsland Health Service has put in place appropriate internal controls and processes to ensure that it has complied with the requirements of hospital circular 07/2017 Compliance reporting in health portfolio entities (Revised) and has implemented a conflict of interest policy consistent with the minimum accountabilities required by the Victorian Public Sector Commission. Declaration of private interest forms have been completed by all executive staff within Central Gippsland Health Service and members of the board, and all declared conflicts have been addressed and are being managed. Conflict of interest is a standard agenda item for declaration and documenting at each executive board meeting.

Mark Dykgraaf Accountable Officer Central Gippsland Health Service 16 July 2021

Financial Management Compliance

I, Tony Anderson, on behalf of the Responsible Body, certify that Central Gippsland Health Service has no material compliance deficiency with respect to the applicable Standing Directions under the Financial Management Act 1994 and Instructions.

Tony Anderson Responsible Officer Central Gippsland Health Service 30 June 2021

Part A

For the financial year 2020–21, there were no individual deliverables constituting Part A of our Statement of Priorities due to COVID-19.

Central Gippsland Health Service has worked with the Victorian Department of Health to deliver the following strategic priorities:

• Maintain our robust COVID-19 readiness and response, working with the Department of Health to ensure we rapidly respond to outbreaks, if and when they occur, which includes providing testing for our community and staff, where necessary, and if required. This includes preparing to participate in, and assist with, the implementation of a COVID-19 vaccine immunisation program rollout, ensuring our local community's confidence in the program.

CGHS has achieved ongoing COVID-19 readiness by:

- o developing and implementing clear plans to respond to any COVID-19 outbreak
- o holding daily meetings with senior staff to discuss and consider our COVID-19 readiness
- o ensuring an adequate supply of all required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in order to respond to any surge in COVID-19 testing or care requirements
- o participating in regional and state level forums that ensure a system wide response
- o working closely with the regional Public Health Unit on our COVID-19 response
- o delivering vaccinations to the general public
- o providing COVID-19 screening services in support of the Wellington Respiratory Clinic as required
- o encouraging all staff to have their COVID-19 vaccinations.
- Engaging with our community to address the needs of patients, especially our vulnerable Victorians whose care has been delayed due to the pandemic, and providing the necessary "catch-up" care to support them to get back on track.

CGHS has achieved this by actively supporting the local community during the COVID-19 pandemic through:

o delivering the COVID-19 'High Risk Accommodation Response' (HRAR) for the Wellington Shire. The HRAR program acts to prevent, prepare for and respond early to COVID-19 infection within public housing and other high-risk accommodation settings with shared facilities.

The HRAR team has been door knocking to engage the community and provide information about infection prevention and control, immunisation and assisting to develop plans to reduce COVID-19 risks within those settings. Over 600 care packages have been delivered to this community with information on reducing COVID-19 risks and immunisation.

- o ensuring the COVID-19 vaccination clinic has operated safely and effectively as vaccines become available.
- o actively promoting vaccination opportunities to the local community.
- o ensuring COVID-19 testing was available to the public during periods of peak demand, during border closures, and in support of the Wellington Respiratory Clinic.
- o providing rapid testing to staff of the health service so that they could return to work at the safest and soonest possible moment.
- o supporting patients, residents and families with clear communications around visiting hours and easing of visitor restrictions.



Part A continued

• As providers of care, responding to the recommendations of the Royal Commission into Victoria's Mental Health System and the Royal Commission into Aged Care Quality and Safety.

CGHS has achieved this through being cognizant of the outcomes of the Mental Health and Aged Care Royal Commissions and:

- o has implemented the recommendations of the Aged Care Royal Commission regarding restrictive practices
- o is meeting minimum care requirements for our public residential aged care facilities and working with our not-for-profit partners on a plan to move toward minimum care requirements during 2021/22
- o has implemented the Aged Care Royal Commission recommendations for serious incident responses
- o expects to work closely with Latrobe Regional Hospital and other partners within the Gippsland region to implement the recommendations of the Mental Health Royal Commission (it is expected that this work will be conducted as part of the Health Service Partnership program).
- Developing and fostering our local health partner relationships, which have been strengthened during the pandemic
 response, to continue delivering collaborative approaches to planning, procurement and service delivery at scale.
 This extends to prioritising innovative ways to deliver health care through shared expertise and workforce models, virtual
 care, co-commissioning services and surgical outpatient reform to deliver improved patient care through greater integration.

CGHS has achieved this by working actively to support ongoing partnerships within our local Aboriginal community through:

- o the CGHS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Advisory Committee which has met regularly to develop and deliver our Reconciliation Action Plan
- o working in partnership with Ramahyuck District Aboriginal Corporation on a range of community programs
- o continuing our partnership with Gippsland Primary Health Network on a number of initiatives, including the Values-Based Health Care Program
- o working with the Wellington Shire Council in the provision of healthy living programs and funding for women and child health programs.

Part B: Performance Priorities

High Quality and Safe Care

Key Performance Indicator	Target	Actual
Infection Prevention and Control		
Compliance with the Hand Hygiene Australia program	83%	60%
Percentage of healthcare workers immunised for influenza	90%	93.1%
Patient Experience		
Victorian Healthcare Experience Survey – percentage of positive patient experience responses	95%	No surveys conducted in 2020/21
Victorian Healthcare Experience Survey – percentage of very positive responses to questions on discharge care	75%	No surveys conducted in 2020-21
Healthcare Associated Infections (HAIs)		
Rate of patients with surgical site infection	No outliers	Not achieved
Rate of patients with ICU central-line-associated bloodstream infection (CLABSI)	Nil	Achieved
Maternity and Newborn		
Rate of singleton term infants without birth anomalies with Apgar score <7 at 5 minutes	≤ 1.4%	0.57%
Rate of severe foetal growth restriction (FGR) in singleton pregnancy undelivered by 40 weeks	≤ 28.6%	22.2%
Proportion of urgent maternity patients referred for obstetric care to a level 4, 5 or 6 maternity service who were booked for a specialist clinic appointment within 30 days of accepted referral	100%	N/A
Continuing Care		
Functional independence gain from an episode of rehabilitation admission to discharge relative to length of stay	≥ 0.645	1.08
Key Performance Indicator	Target	Actual
Emergency Care		
Percentage of patients transferred from ambulance to emergency department within 40 minutes	90%	93%
Percentage of Triage Category 1 emergency patients seen immediately	100%	100%
Percentage of Triage Category 1 to 5 emergency patients seen within clinically recommended time	80%	78%
Percentage of emergency patients with a length of stay in the emergency department of less than four hours	81%	72%
Number of patients with a length of stay in the emergency department greater than 24 hours	0	0

Key Performance Indicator	Target	Actual
Specialist Clinics		
Percentage of urgent patients referred by a GP or external specialist who attended a first appointment within 30 days	100%	100%
Percentage of routine patients referred by GP or external specialist who attended a first appointment within 365 days	90%	98.83%
Key Performance Indicator	Target	Actual
Finance		
Operating result (\$m)	\$0.00	\$0.70 m
Average number of days to pay trade creditors	60 days	45 days
Average number of days to receive patient fee debtors	60 days	25.3 days
Public and Private WIES¹ activity performance to target	100%	99.6%
Adjusted current asset ratio	0.7 or 3% improvement from health service base target	0.76
Actual number of days available cash, measured on the last day of each month.	14 days	Achieved
Variance between forecast and actual Net result from transactions (NRFT) for the current financial year ending 30 June	Variance ≤ \$250,000	Not Achieved

¹ WIES is a weighted inlier equivalent separation.

Part C: Activity and Funding

Funding Type	2020/2021 Activity Achievement
Acute Admitted	
WIES Public WIES Private WIES DVA WIES TAC	6,904.26 4,471.27 108.73 22.9
Acute Non-Admitted	
Home Enteral Nutrition Specialist Clinics (WASE)	123 19,740
Subacute and Non-Acute Admitted	
Subacute WIES - Rehabilitation Public Subacute WIES - Rehabilitation Private Subacute WIES - GEM Public Subacute WIES - GEM Private Subacute WIES - Palliative Care Public Subacute WIES - Palliative Care Private Subacute WIES - DVA	62.47 1.99 80.69 1.60 41.34 1.82 1.07
Subacute Non-Admitted	
Health Independence Program - Public	10,089
Aged Care Residential Aged Care Home and Community Care (HACC)	25,805 13,947
Primary Health	
Community Health/Primary Care Programs	18,449
Other Health Workforce	40

Disclosure Index
The annual report of Central Gippsland Health Service is prepared in accordance with all relevant Victorian legislation.
This index has been prepared to facilitate identification of the Department's compliance with statutory disclosure requirements.

Legislation Requirement	Page Reference
Ministerial Directions	
Report of Operations	
Charter and purpose FRD 221 Manner of establishment and the relevant Ministers FRD 221 Purpose, functions, powers and duties FRD 221 Nature and range of services provided FRD 221 Activities, programs and achievements for the reporting period	21 21 14-15 14-15
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Legislation FRD 221 Application and operation of Freedom of Information Act 1982 FRD 221 Compliance with building and maintenance provisions of Building Act 1993 FRD 221 Application and operation of Public Interest Disclosure Act (updated 2020 FRD 221 Statement on National Competition Policy FRD 221 Application and operation of Carers Recognition Act 2012 FRD 221 Summary of the entity's environmental performance FRD 221 Additional information available on request	
Other relevant reporting directives FRD 25D Local Jobs First Act disclosures SD 5.1.4 Financial Management Compliance attestation SD 5.2.3 Declaration in report of operations	21 28 24
Attestations Attestation on Data Integrity Attestation on managing Conflicts of Interest Attestation on Integrity, fraud and corruption	28 28 28
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FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Board member's, accountable officer's and chief finance and accounting officer's declaration

The attached financial statements for the Central Gippsland Health Service have been prepared in accordance with Direction 5.2 of the Standing Directions of the Assistant Treasurer under the *Financial Management Act 1994*, applicable Financial Reporting Directions, Australian Accounting Standards including Interpretations, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.

We further state that, in our opinion, the information set out in the Comprehensive Operating Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and accompanying notes, presents fairly the financial transactions during the year ended 30 June 2021 and the financial position of Central Gippsland Health Service at 30 June 2021.

At the time of signing, we are not aware of any circumstance which would render any particulars included in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate.

We authorise the attached financial statements for issue on 6 October 2021.

TONY ANDERSON, Board Chairperson

Sale, Victoria 6/10/2021

MARK DYKGRAAF, Accountable Officer and Chief Executive Officer

Sale, Victoria 6/10/2021

CHERIE CAMPBELL, Chief Finance Officer and Executive Director Corporate Services

Sale, Victoria 6/10/2021



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Central Gippsland Health Service

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of Central Gippsland Health Service (the health service) which comprises the:

- balance sheet as at 30 June 2021
- comprehensive operating statement for the year then ended
- statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- cash flow statement for the year then ended
- notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies
- board member's, accountable officer's and chief finance & accounting officer's declaration.

In my opinion the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the health service as at 30 June 2021 and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of Part 7 of the *Financial Management Act 1994* and applicable Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I have conducted my audit in accordance with the *Audit Act 1994* which incorporates the Australian Auditing Standards. I further describe my responsibilities under that Act and those standards in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report.

My independence is established by the *Constitution Act 1975*. My staff and I are independent of the health service in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report in Victoria. My staff and I have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Board's responsibilities for the financial report The Board of the health service is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Financial Management Act 1994*, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Board is responsible for assessing the health service's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it is inappropriate to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report As required by the *Audit Act 1994*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on the audit. My objectives for the audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the health service's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the health service's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the health service to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

MELBOURNE 29 October 2021 Dominika Ryan as delegate for the Auditor-General of Victoria

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COMPREHENSIVE OPERATING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Income from Transactions			
Revenue from Operating Activities	2.1	117,500	109,640
Revenue from Non-operating Activities	2.1	50	259
Total Income from Transactions		117,550	109,899
Expenses from Transactions		117,550_	109,699
Employee Expenses	3.1	(82,015)	(78,729)
Supplies and Consumables	3.1	(17,351)	(15,163)
Depreciation	4.2	(7,274)	(7,002)
Operating Expenses	3.1	(2,784)	(2,660)
Other Operating Expenses	3.1 3.1	(10,945)	(10,325)
Other Non-Operating Expenses Total Expenses from Transactions	3.1	<u>(1,215)</u> (121,584)	(784)
Total Expenses from Transactions		(121,50+)	(114,005)
Net Result from transactions - Net Operating Balance		(4,034)	(4,764)
Other Economic Flows included in Net Result			
Net Gain on Sale of non-financial Assets	<i>3.4</i>	210	33
Net (Loss)/Gain on Financial Instruments at Fair Value	<i>3.4</i>	(78)	33
Other Losses from Other Economic Flows	<i>3.4</i>	(162)	(122)
Total Other Economic Flows included in Net Result		(30)	(56)
NET RESULT FOR THE YEAR		(4,064)	(4,820)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Changes in Property, Plant and Equipment Revaluation Surplus Total Other Comprehensive Income	4.1(b)	863	
COMPREHENSIVE RESULT FOR THE YEAR		(3,201)	(4,820)

This statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6.2	20,859	16,253
Receivables	5.1	2,964	2,437
Inventories	5 .4	308	338
Assets held for Sale	5.4	-	609
Other Assets Total Current Assets	-	810 24,941	751
Total Current Assets		24,941	20,388
Non-Current Assets		10	
Other Assets	5.1	19	53
Receivables Property, Plant and Equipment	5.1 4.1 (a)	1,729 61,376	1,752 61,337
Total Non-Current Assets	4.1 (a) _	63,124	63,142
TOTAL ASSETS	-	88,065	83,530
	_	<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	5.2	10,611	7,946
Borrowings	6.1	1,218	1,086
Provisions	3.2	16,128	14,935
Other Liabilities	5.3	6,603	5,323
Total Current Liabilities		34,560	29,290
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	3.2	2,935	2,679
Borrowings	6.1	4,138	1,929
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	7,073	4,608
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	41,633	33,898
NET ASSETS	=	46,432	49,632
EQUITY			
Property, Plant and Equipment Revaluation Surplus	4.1(f)	58,483	57,620
Restricted Specific Purpose Surplus		1,200	1,200
Contributed Capital		34,298	34,298
Accumulated Deficits	_	(47,549)	(43,485)
TOTAL EQUITY	<u>-</u>	46,432	49,633

This statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Property, Plant and Equipment Revaluation Surplus	Restricted Specific Purpose Surplus	Contributed Capital	Accumulated Deficits	Total
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2019		57,620	1,361	34,254	(38,826)	54,409
Net result for the year Receipt of Contributed capital Transfer from Specific Purpose Reserve	4.1 (f)	- - -	- (161)	- 44 -	(4,820) - 161	(4,820) 44 -
Balance at 30 June 2020		57,620	1,200	34,298	(43,485)	49,633
Net result for the year		-	-	-	(4,064)	(4,064)
Other comprehensive income for the year	4.1 (f)	863	-	-	-	863
Balance at 30 June 2021		58,483	1,200	34,298	(47,549)	46,432

This Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Government Grants (State) - Operating Government Grants (Commonwealth) - Operating		74,504 15,078	72,521 12,725
Grants - Other Agency		2,185	1,174
Government Grants (State) - Capital		2,210	1,824
Government Grants (Commonwealth) - Capital		680	684
Other Capital purpose income Patient and Resident Fees Received		- 5,852	21 4,689
Private Fees Received		5,614	5,306
Donations and Bequests Received		618	114
GST Received from ATO		122	-
Interest and investment income received		50	240
Other Receipts		7,565	10,607
Total receipts		114,478	109,905
Employee Expenses Paid		(74,157)	(72,688)
Fee for Service Medical Officers		(5,869)	(5,815)
Payments for Supplies and Consumables		(15,327)	(13,699)
Payments for medical indemnity insurance	3.1	(1,425)	(1,399)
Payments for repairs and maintenance		(1,383)	(1,282)
GST paid to ATO			(54)
Cash outflow for short-term leases		(2)	(123)
Other Payments		(9,684)	(13,068)
Total payments		(107,847)	(108,128)
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8.1	6,631	1,777
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of non-financial assets		(3,713)	(5,467)
Capital Donations and Bequests Received		80	286
Other capital receipts		-	182
Proceeds from disposal of non-financial assets		1,428	33
NET CASH FLOW USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	(2,205)	(4,966)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings		(289)	(313)
Payment of lease principal		(811)	(559)
Contributions of capital - state government		-	44
Receipt of accommodation deposits		2,545	1,470
Repayment of accommodation deposits		(1,265)	(2,047)
NET CASH FLOW FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	180	(1,405)
N==			
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		4 606	(4 504)
HELD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF FINANCIAL YEAR		4,606 16,253	(4,594) 20,847
S.S. AND S. S. EQUIVALENTS AT DESIRITING OF FINANCIAL TEAK	_		20,047
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR	6.2	20,859	16,253

This Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Government Grants (State) - Operating Government Grants (Commonwealth) - Operating		74,504 15,078	72,521 12,725
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S.S. AND S. S. EQUIVALENTS AT DESIRITING OF FINANCIAL TEAK	_		20,047
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR	6.2	20,859	16,253

This Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1: Basis of preparation

These financial statements represent the audited general purpose financial statements for Central Gippsland Health Service for the year ended 30 June 2021. The report provides users with information about Central Gippsland Health Service's stewardship of the resources entrusted to it.

This section explains the basis of preparing the financial statements and identifies the key accounting estimates and judgements.

Structure

- Note 1.1: Basis of preparation of the financial statements
- Note 1.2 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic
- Note 1.3 Abbreviations and terminology used in the financial statements
- Note 1.4 Joint arrangements
- Note 1.5 Key accounting estimates and judgements
- Note 1.6 Accounting standards issued but not yet effective
- Note 1.7 Goods and Services Tax (GST)
- Note 1.8 Reporting Entity

Note 1.1: Basis of preparation of the financial statements

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Management Act 1994 and applicable Australian Accounting Standards, which include interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB). They are presented in a manner consistent with the requirements of AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements.

The financial statements also comply with relevant Financial Reporting Directions (FRDs) issued by the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF), and relevant Standing Directions (SDs) authorised by the Assistant Treasurer.

Central Gippsland Health Service is a not-for-profit entity and therefore applies the additional AUS paragraphs applicable to a "not-for-profit" health service under the Australian Accounting Standards. Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Apart from the changes in accounting policies, standards and interpretations as noted below, material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are the same as those adopted in the previous period.

The Central Gippsland Health Service operates on a fund accounting basis and maintains three funds: Operating, Specific Purpose and Capital Funds. The Central Gippsland Health Service's Capital and Specific Purpose Funds include: Trust Account for Specific Funds; while our Capital Funds form part of Central Gippsland Health's Central Banking Services High Yield Account.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis (refer to Note 8.8 Economic Dependency).

The financial statements are in Australian dollars.

The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars. Minor discrepancies in tables between totals and sum of components are due to rounding.

The annual financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Central Gippsland Health Service on 13 September 2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1.2 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic

In March 2020 a state of emergency was declared in Victoria due to the global coronavirus pandemic, known as COVID-19. Since this date, to contain the spread of COVID-19 and prioritise the health and safety of our community, Central Gippsland Health Service was required to comply with various directions announced by the Commonwealth and State Governments, which in turn, has continued to impact the way in which Central Gippsland Health Service operates.

Central Gippsland Health Service introduced a range of measures in both the prior and current year, including:

- introducing restrictions on non-essential visitors
- greater utilisation of telehealth services
- implementing reduced visitor hours
- deferring elective surgery and reducing activity
- transferring inpatients to private health facilities
- performing COVID-19 testing
- implementing work from home arrangements where appropriate.

As restrictions have eased towards the end of the financial year Central Gippsland Health Service has been able to revise some measures where appropriate including increasing elective surgeries, increased face-to-face services and easing of visitor restrictions.

The financial impacts of the pandemic are disclosed at:

- Note 2: Funding delivery of our services
- Note 3: The cost of delivering services
- Note 4: Key assets to support service delivery
- Note 5: Other assets and liabilities
- Note 6: How we finance our operations.

Note 1.3 Abbreviations and terminology used in the financial statements

The following table sets out the common abbreviations used throughout the financial statements:

Reference	Title
AASB	Australian Accounting Standards Board
AASs	Australian Accounting Standards, which include Interpretations
DH	Department of Health
DTF	Department of Treasury and Finance
FMA	Financial Management Act 1994
FRD	Financial Reporting Direction
SD	Standing Direction
VAGO	Victorian Auditor General's Office
WIES	Weighted Inlier Equivalent Separation
CGHS	Central Gippsland Health Service

Note 1.4 Joint arrangements

Interests in joint arrangements are accounted for by recognising in Central Gippsland Health Service's financial statements, its share of assets and liabilities and any revenue and expenses of such joint arrangements.

Central Gippsland Health Service has the following joint arrangements:

- Member of Gippsland Health Alliance and retains joint control over the arrangement, which it has classified as a joint operation.

Details of the joint arrangements are set out in Note 8.7.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1.5 Key accounting estimates and judgements

Management make estimates and judgements when preparing the financial statements.

These estimates and judgements are based on historical knowledge and best available current information and assume any reasonable expectation of future events. Actual results may differ.

Revisions to key estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and also in future periods that are affected by the revision.

The accounting policies and significant management judgements and estimates used, and any changes thereto, are identified at the beginning of each section where applicable and are disclosed in further detail throughout the accounting policies.

Note 1.6 Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

An assessment of accounting standards and interpretations issued by the AASB that are not yet mandatorily applicable to Central Gippsland Health Service and their potential impact when adopted in future periods is outlined below:

Standard	Adoption Date	Impact
AASB 17: Insurance Contracts	Reporting periods on or after 1 January 2023	Adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact.
AASB 2020-1: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current	Reporting periods on or after 1 January 2022.	Adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact.
AASB 2020-3: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments	Reporting periods on or after 1 January 2022.	Adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact.
AASB 2020-8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2	Reporting periods on or after 1 January 2021.	Adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact.

There are no other accounting standards and interpretations issued by the AASB that are not yet mandatorily applicable to Central Gippsland Health Service in future periods.

Note 1.7 Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In this case the GST payable is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the Balance Sheet.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the ATO, are presented as operating cash flow.

Commitments and contingent assets and liabilities are presented on a gross basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 1.8 Reporting Entity

The financial statements include all the controlled activities of the Central Gippsland Health Service.

Its principal address is:

155 Guthridge Parade Sale Victoria 3850.

A description of the nature of Central Gippsland Health Service's operations and its principal activities is included in the report of operations, which does not form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 2: Funding delivery of our services

Central Gippsland Health Service's overall objective is to deliver programs and services that support and enhance the wellbeing of all Victorians.

Central Gippsland Health Service is predominantly funded by accrual based grant funding for the provision of outputs. The hospital also receives income from the supply of services.

Structure

- 2.1 Revenue and Income from Transactions
- 2.2 Fair value of assets and services received free of charge or for nominal consideration
- 2.3 Other income

Telling the COVID-19 story

Revenue recognised to fund the delivery of our services during the financial year was not materially impacted by the COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic. There was also no material impact on our economy and the health of our community.

COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic attributable revenue received was for the following reasons:

- Elective Surgery Blitz to ensure Central Gippsland Health Service maintained its wait list obligations to patients and Department of Health
- Funding for unexpected COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic related expenditure to support the increased costs for unplanned purchases to meet COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic compliance requirements such as that for additional personal protective equipment utilised
- Supplement to decreases in revenue due to the impact of COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic to fund the gap between revenue received and that which would have been received in the normal course of business.

Key judgements and estimates

This section contains the following key judgements and estimates:

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Identifying performance obligations	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgment when reviewing the terms and conditions of funding agreements and contracts to determine whether they contain sufficiently specific and enforceable performance obligations.
	If this criteria is met, the contract/funding agreement is treated as a contract with a customer, requiring Central Gippsland Health Service to recognise revenue as or when the health service transfers promised goods or services to customers.
	If this criteria is not met, funding is recognised immediately in the net result from operations.
Determining timing of revenue recognition	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement to determine when a performance obligation has been satisfied and the transaction price that is to be allocated to each performance obligation. A performance obligation is either satisfied at a point in time or over time.
Determining time of capital grant income recognition	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement to determine when its obligation to construct an asset is satisfied. Costs incurred is used to measure the health service's progress as this is deemed to be the most accurate reflection of the stage of completion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 2.1: Revenue and Income from Transactions			
	Note	Total 2021 \$'000	Total 2020 \$'000
Operating Activities			
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Government Grants (State) - Operating		60,531	60,435
Government Grants (Commonwealth) - Operating		15,078	12,725
Patient and Resident Fees		5,566	4,876
Commercial Activities *	_	10,112	9,586
Total revenue from contracts with customers	_	91,287	87,622
Other sources of income			
Grants - Other Agency		1,238	1,174
Government Grants (State) - Capital		1,600	1,824
Government Grants (State) - Operating		13,569	11,661
Government Grants (Commonwealth) - Capital		680	684
Other Capital purpose income	2.2	306	21
Capital Donations	2.2	41	287
Resources received free of charge or for nominal consideration	2.2	1,174	176
Other Revenue from Operating Activities (including non-capital donations)	-	7,605	6,191
Total other sources of income	_	26,213	22,018
Total revenue and income from operating activities	_	117,500	109,640
Non-Operating Activities			
Other Interest		50	240
Dividends	_	-	19_
Total income from non-operating activities	_	50	259
Total revenue and income from transactions	=	117,550	109,899

^{*} Commercial Activities represent business activities which health services enter into to support their operations

How we recognise revenue and income from transactions Government operating grants

To recognise revenue, Central Gippsland Health Service assesses whether there is a contract that is enforceable and has sufficiently specific performance obligations in accordance with AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

When both these conditions are satisfied, the health service:

- Identifies each performance obligation relating to the revenue
- recognises a contract liability for its obligations under the agreement
- recognises revenue as it satisfied its performance obligations, at the time or over time when services are rendered.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 2.1: Revenue and Income from Transactions continued

Where the contract is not enforceable and/or does not have sufficiently specific performance obligations, in accordance with AASB 1058 – Income for not-for-profit entities, the health service:

- recognises the asset received in accordance with the recognition requirements of other applicable Accounting Standards (for example, AASB 9, AASB 16, AASB 116 and AASB 138)
- recognises related amounts (being contributions by owners, lease liabilities, financial instruments, provisions, revenue or contract liabilities from a contract with a customer), and
- recognises income immediately in profit or loss as the difference between the initial carrying amount of the asset and the related amount.

The types of government grants recognised under AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers includes:

Government grant	Performance obligation
Activity Based Funding (ABF) paid as Weighted Inlier Equivalent Separation (WIES) casemix	The performance obligations for ABF are the number and mix of patients admitted to hospital (defined as 'casemix') in accordance with the levels of activity agreed to, with the Department of Health in the annual Statement of Priorities.
	Revenue is recognised at a point in time, which is when a patient is discharged, in accordance with the WIES activity when an episode of care for an admitted patient is completed.
	WIES activity is a cost weight that is adjusted for time spent in hospital, and represents a relative measure of resource use for each episode of care in a diagnosis related group.
Activity Based Funding (ABF) paid as Weighted Ambulatory Service Events (WASE) casemix	WASE funding is activity based funding based on specialist non- admitted levels of activity agreed to, with the Department of Health in the annual Statement of Priorities.
	Revenue is recognised at a point in time, when a patient is provided an ambulatory or non-admitted episode of care event.
	WASE activity is a cost weight that is adjusted for private or public episode of care provided to a patient. Public episodes of care generate public WASE and are paid a public WASE public price; whilst a Medicare Benefits Schedule billable episode of care generates a Medicare Benefits Schedule billable WASE and is paid a private WASE price by the Department of Health.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 2.1: Revenue and Income from Transactions continued

Government grant	Performance obligation
	PBS revenue is a subsidy provided to pharmaceutical product providers
is a subsidy to improving care for	to ensure availability of necessary and lifesaving medicines at an
patients moving between hospital and	affordable price. Thereby improving the way patients get their
community	medication by bringing the Commonwealth's Pharmaceutical Benefits
	Scheme (PBS) to public hospitals.
	The key deliverables of PBS are:
	- provision patients with up to one month's supply of medications
	rather than the limited supply they previously received
	- improve continuity of pharmaceutical care
	- provide access to a group of subsidised chemotherapy drugs for use
	by day-admitted patients and outpatients, restoring equity between
	public and private hospital patients and decreasing the financial burden on public hospital pharmacies
	- improve communication with patients and primary health care
	providers through the implementation of the Australian Pharmaceutical
	[· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Advisory Council guidelines on the continuum of pharmaceutical care.
	The PBS revenue is recognised on receipt of payments that is made to
	each individual hospital based on medications the hospital has
	dispensed on a monthly basis.

Non-cash contributions from the Department of Health

The Department of Health makes some payments on behalf of Central Gippsland Health Service as follows:

Supplier	Description
	The Department of Health purchases non-medical indemnity insurance for Central Gippsland Health Service which is paid directly to the Victorian Managed Insurance Authority. To record this contribution, such payments are recognised as income with a matching expense in the net result from transactions.
Department of Health	Long Service Leave (LSL) revenue is recognised upon finalisation of movements in LSL liability in line with the long service leave funding arrangements set out in the relevant Department of Health Hospital Circular.

Capital grants

Where Central Gippsland Health Service receives a capital grant, it recognises a liability for the excess of the initial carrying amount of the financial asset received over any related amounts (being contributions by owners, lease liabilities, financial instruments, provisions, revenue or contract liabilities arising from a contract with a customer) recognised under other Australian Accounting Standards.

Income is recognised progressively as the asset is constructed which aligns with Central Gippsland Health Service's obligation to construct the asset. The progressive percentage of costs incurred is used to recognise income, as this most accurately reflects the stage of completion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 2.1 : Revenue and Income from Transactions continued Patient and resident fees

Patient and resident fees are charges that can be levied on patients for some services they receive. Patient and resident fees are recognised at a point in time when the performance obligation, the provision of services, is satisfied, except where the patient and resident fees relate to accommodation charges. Accommodation charges are calculated daily and are recognised over time, to reflect the period accommodation is provided.

Private practice fees

Private practice fees include recoupments from various private practice organisations for the use of hospital facilities. Private practice fees are recognised over time as the performance obligation, the provision of facilities, is provided to customers.

Commercial activities

Revenue from commercial activities includes items such as training and seminar fees, diagnostic imaging, pharmacy services, external catering, Sale Linen Service, regional stores and private practice and other patient activities. Commercial activity revenue is recognised at a point in time, upon provision of the goods or service to the customer.

Note 2.2 Fair value of assets and services received free of charge or for nominal consideration

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash donations and gifts	41	287
Plant and equipment	594	69
Personal Protective Equipment	580	107
Total fair value of services received free of charge or for nominal	1,215	463

How we recognise the fair value of assets and services received free of charge or for nominal

Donations and bequests

Donations and bequests are generally recognised as income upon receipt (which is when Central Gippsland Health Service usually obtained control of the asset) as they do not contain sufficiently specific and enforceable performance obligations. Where sufficiently specific and enforceable performance obligations exist, revenue is recorded as and when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Personal protective equipment

In order to meet the State of Victoria's health system supply needs during the COVID-19 pandemic, arrangements were put in place to centralise the purchasing of essential personal protective equipment (PPE) and other essential plant and equipment.

The general principles of the State Supply Arrangement were that Health Share Victoria sourced, secured and agreed terms for the purchase of the PPE products, funded by the Department of Health, while Monash Health took delivery, and distributed an allocation of the products to Central Gippsland Health Service as resources provided free of charge. Health Share Victoria and Monash Health were acting as an agent of the Department of Health under this arrangement.

Voluntary Services

Contributions by volunteers, in the form of services, are only recognised when fair value can be reliably measured, and the services would have been purchased if they had not been donated. Central Gippsland Health Service does receive volunteer services, however it does not depend on volunteers to deliver its services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 2.2 Fair value of assets and services received free of charge or for nominal consideration continued

Contributions

Central Gippsland Health Service may receive assets for nil or nominal consideration to further its objectives. The assets are recognised at their fair value when Central Gippsland Health Service obtains control over the asset, irrespective of whether restrictions or conditions are imposed over the use of the contributions.

On initial recognition of the asset, Central Gippsland Health Service recognises related amounts being contributions by owners, lease liabilities, financial instruments, provisions and revenue or contract liabilities arising from a contract with a customer.

Central Gippsland Health Service recognises income immediately in the profit or loss as the difference between the initial fair value of the asset and the related amounts.

The exception to this policy is when an asset is received from another government agency or department as a consequence of a restructuring of administrative arrangements, in which case the asset will be recognised at its carrying value in the financial statements of Central Gippsland Health Service as a capital contribution transfer.

2.3 Other income	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
(a) Income from Commercial Activities		
Medical imaging services	5,864	5,575
Linen service	2,584	2,422
Food services	683	756
Other commercial activity including pharmacy and other supply sales	981	833
Total Income from Commercial Activities	10,112	9,586
(b) Other Revenue from Operating Activities		
(including non-capital donations & Rental Income)		
Gippsland Health Alliance revenue	2,309	2,260
Management fees	1,922	1,040
Salaries Recoveries	838	799
Education	403	344
Salary Packaging	234	277
Rental income - investment properties	221	240
Donations	93	114
Interest	50	240
Other minor operating activity revenue	1,806	1,357
Total (b) Other Revenue from Operating Activities	7,876	6,671
(including non-capital donations & Rental Income)		

How we recognise other income Rental and Lease Income

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

All incentives for the agreement of a new or renewed operating lease are recognised as an integral part of the net consideration agreed for the use of the leased asset, irrespective of the incentive's nature, form or the timing of payments.

Interest Income

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield of the financial asset, which allocates interest over the relevant period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 3: The cost of delivering our services

This section provides an account of the expenses incurred by the hospital in delivering services and outputs. In Section 2, the funds that enable the provision of services were disclosed and in this note the cost associated with provision of services are recorded.

Structure

- 3.1 Expenses from Transactions
- 3.2 Employee benefits in the Balance Sheet
- 3.3 Superannuation
- 3.4 Other Economic Flows

Telling the COVID-19 story

Expenses incurred to deliver services during the financial year were not materially impacted by the COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic and its impact on our economy and the health of our community.

COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic attributable expenses were incurred for the following reasons:

- Additional staff to facilitate increased cleaning services, reception services and infection control staffing to provide vaccination clinics and best practice training session
- increased use of personal protective equipment to comply with Department of Health directives to address the risks posed by COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic restriction requirements
- Provide support through community visits to high risk accommodated community members

Key judgements and estimates

This section contains the following key judgements and estimates:

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Measuring and classifying employee benefit liabilities	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement when measuring and classifying its employee benefit liabilities.
	Employee benefit liabilities are classified as a current liability if Central Gippsland Health Service does not have an unconditional right to defer payment beyond 12 months. Annual leave, accrued days off and long service leave entitlements (for staff who have exceeded the minimum vesting period) fall into this category.
	Employee benefit liabilities are classified as a non-current liability if Central Gippsland Health Service has a conditional right to defer payment beyond 12 months. Long service leave entitlements (for staff who have not yet exceeded the minimum vesting period) fall into this category.
	The health service also applies judgement to determine when it expects its employee entitlements to be paid. With reference to historical data, if the health service does not expect entitlements to be paid within 12 months, the entitlement is measured at its present value. All other entitlements are measured at their nominal value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 3.1: Expenses from Transactions

	Total 2021 \$'000	Total 2020 \$'000
Salaries and Wages	61,902	59,476
On-costs	15,207	14,093
Fee for Service Medical Officer Expenses	3,514	3,367
Workcover Premium	1,392	1,793
Total Employee Expenses	82,015	78,729
Drug Supplies	5,631	4,772
Medical and Surgical Supplies (including Prostheses)	5,303	4,271
Diagnostic and Radiology Supplies	1,612	1,777
Other Supplies and Consumables	4,805	4,343
Total Supplies and Consumables	17,351	15,163
Finance Costs	74	79
Fuel, Light, Power and Water	1,326	1,299
Repairs and Maintenance	454	415
Maintenance Contracts	930	867
Total Operating Expenses	2,784	2,660
Medical Indemnity Insurance	1,425	1,399
Other Expenses	9,520	8,926
Total Other Operating Expenses	10,945	10,325
Depreciation and Amortisation (refer Note 4.1)	7,274	7,002
Total Depreciation and Amortisation	7,274	7,002
Expenditure for Capital Purposes	627	608
Assets and Services Provided Free of Charge or for Nominal Consideration	588	176
Total Other Non-Operating Expenses	1,215	784
Total Expenses from Transactions	121,584	114,663
. eta. Experiede i. ett. 11 attoudatione		

How we recognise expenses from transactions

Expense recognition

Expenses are recognised as they are incurred and reported in the financial year to which they relate.

Employee Expenses

Employee expenses include:

- salaries and wages (including fringe benefits tax, leave entitlements, termination payments);
- On-costs;
- Agency expenses;
- Fee for Service medical officer expenses;
- Work cover premium.

Supplies and consumables

- Supplies and consumables - Supplies and service costs which are recognised as an expense in the reporting period in which they are incurred. The carrying amounts of any inventories held for distribution are expensed when distributed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 3.1: Expenses from Transactions continued

Finance Costs

Finance costs include:

- interest on bank overdrafts and short and long-term borrowings (Interest expense is recognised in the period in which it is incurred);
- amortisation of discounts or premiums relating to borrowings;
- amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings; and
- finance charges in respect of finance leases which are recognised in accordance with AASB 16 Leases.

Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses generally represent day-to-day running costs incurred in normal operations and include things such as:

- Fuel, light and power
- Repairs and maintenance
- Other administrative expenses

The Department of Health also makes certain payments on behalf of Central Gippsland Health Service. These amounts have been brought to account as grants in determining the operating result for the year by recording them as revenue and also recording related expense.

Non-operating Expenses

Non-operating expenses generally represents costs incurred outside normal operations and include things such as:

- Expenditure for capital purposes (represents expenditure related to the purchase of assets that are below capitalisation threshold).
- Other non-operating expenses generally represent expenditure outside the normal operations such as assets and services provided free of charge or for nominal consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 3.2 Employee Benefits in the Balance Sheet		
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Current Provisions		
Employee Benefits		
Accrued Days Off		
 unconditional and expected to be settled wholly within 12 months (i) Annual Leave 	186	170
- unconditional and expected to be settled wholly within 12 months (i)	6,755	6,028
 unconditional and expected to be settled wholly after 12 months (ii) Long service leave 	-	-
- unconditional and expected to be settled wholly within 12 months (i)	1,094	1,048
- unconditional and expected to be settled wholly after 12 months (ii)	6,483	6,212
	14,518	13,458
Provisions related to Employee Benefit On-Costs	·	•
- unconditional and expected to be settled within 12 months (i)	778	691
- unconditional and expected to be settled after 12 months (ii)	832	786
-	1,610	1,477
Total Current Provisions	16,128	14,935
Non-Current Provisions		
Employee Benefits	2,669	2,436
Provisions related to employee benefits on-costs	266	243
Total Non-Current Provisions	2,935	2,679
Total Provisions	19,063	17,614
=	20,000	177011

- (i) The amounts disclosed are at nominal amounts.
- (ii) The amounts disclosed are discounted to present values.

How we recognise employee benefits

Employee Benefits Recognition

Provision is made for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, accrued days off leave, annual leave and long service leave for services rendered to the reporting date as an expense during the period the services are delivered.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when Central Gippsland Health Service has a present obligation, the future sacrifice of economic benefits is probable, and the amount of the provision can be measured reliably.

The amount recognised as a liability is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Annual Leave and Accrued Days off

Liabilities for annual leave and accrued days off are recognised in the provision of employee benefits as 'current liabilities' because Central Gippsland Health Service does not have an unconditional right to defer settlements of these liabilities.

Depending on the expectation of the timing of settlement, liabilities for annual leave and accrued days off are measured at:

- Nominal value if Central Gippsland Health Service expects to wholly settle within 12 months; or
- Present value if Central Gippsland Health Service does not expect to wholly settle within 12 months.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 3.2 Employee Benefits in the Balance Sheet continued

Long Service Leave

The liability for long service leave (LSL) is recognised in the provision for employee benefits.

Unconditional LSL is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements as a current liability even where Central Gippsland Health Service does not expect to settle the liability within 12 months because it will not have the unconditional right to defer the settlement of the entitlement should an employee take leave within 12 months. An unconditional right arises after a qualifying period.

The components of this current LSL liability are measure at:

- Nominal value if Central Gippsland Health Service expects to wholly settle within 12 months; or
- Present value if Central Gippsland Health Service does not expect to wholly settle within 12 months.

Conditional LSL is disclosed as a non-current liability. Any gain or loss followed revaluation of the present value of non-current LSL liability is recognised as a transaction, except to the extent that a gain or loss arises due to changes in estimations e.g. bond rate movements, inflation rate movements and changes in probability factors which are then recognised as other economic flows.

On-Costs Related to Employee Benefits

Provision for on-costs such as workers compensation and superannuation are recognised separately from provisions for employee benefits.

Note 3.2 (a) Employee Benefits and Related On-Costs		
Current Employee Benefits and related on-costs	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Unconditional LSL Entitlement Annual Leave Entitlement Accrued Days Off	8,426 7,515 186	8,073 6,691 170
Non-Current Employee Benefits and related on-costs		
Conditional long service leave entitlements	2,936	2,680
Total Employee Benefits and Related On-Costs	19,063	17,614
The following assumptions were adopted in measuring present value: - Wage Inflation Rate - On-Cost Factor	2.95% 11.0%	4.25% 11.0%
Movements in provisions	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Balance 1 July Provision made during the year	17,614 -	16,202 -
- Revaluations	54	95
- Expense recognising Employee Service	8,546	7,862
Settlement made during the year	(7,151)	(6,545)
Balance 30 June	19,063	17,614

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 3.3: Superannuation				
•	Paid Contribution		Contribution	
	for the year		Outstanding at Year end	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Defined Benefit Plans (i)				
Health Super	86	100	7	9
Defined Contribution Plans				
Health Super	3,541	4,110	275	422
Other	2,321	2,938	187	337
Total	5,948	7,148	469	768

(i) The basis for determining the level of contributions is determined by the various actuaries of the defined benefit superannuation plans.

How we recognise superannuation

Employees of the Central Gippsland Health Service are entitled to receive superannuation benefits and it contributes to both defined benefit and defined contribution plans.

Defined benefit superannuation plans

The defined benefit plan provides benefits based on years of service and final average salary.

Central Gippsland Health Service does not recognise any unfunded defined benefit liability in respect of the plans because the health service has no legal or constructive obligation to pay future benefits relating to its employees; its only obligation is to pay superannuation contributions as they fall due. The Department of Treasury and Finance discloses the State's defined benefits liabilities in its disclosure for administered items.

However superannuation contributions paid or payable for the reporting period are included as part of employee benefits in the Comprehensive Operating Statement of Central Gippsland Health Service.

The names, details and amounts that have been expensed in relation to the major employee superannuation funds and contributions made by Central Gippsland Health Service are disclosed above.

Defined contribution superannuation plans

In relation to defined contribution (i.e. accumulation) superannuation plans, the associated expense is simply the employer contributions that are paid or payable in respect of employees who are members of these plans during the reporting period. Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed when incurred.

The name, details and amounts that have been expensed in relation to the major employee superannuation funds and contributions made by Central Gippsland Health Service are disclosed above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 3.4 Other Economic Flows

	Consolidated 2021 \$'000	Consolidated 2020 \$'000
Net gains on sale of non financial assets		
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	210	33
Total net gain on sale of non financial assets	210	33
Net (loss)/gain on financial instruments at fair value		
Other (loss)/gain from Other Economic Flows	(78)	33
Total net (loss)/gain on financial instruments at fair value	(78)	33
Other (losses) from Other Economic Flows		
Net (loss) arising from revaluation of Long Service Liability	(162)	(122)
Total net (loss) on other economic flows	(162)	(122)
Total (losses) from Other Economic Flows	(30)	(56)

How we recognise other economic flows

Other economic flows are changes in the volume or value of an asset or liability that do not result from transactions. Other gains/(losses) from other economic flows include gains or losses from:

- the revaluation of the present value of the long service leave liability due to changes in the bond interest rates: and
- reclassified amounts relating to available-for-sale financial instruments from the reserves to net result due to a disposal or derecognition of the financial instrument. This does not include reclassification between equity accounts due to machinery of government changes or 'other transfers' of assets.

Net gain/(loss) on non-financial assets

Net gain/(loss) on non-financial assets and liabilities includes realised and unrealised gains and losses as follows:

- Revaluation gains/(losses) of financial physical assets (Refer Note 4.1 Property plant and equipment);
- Net gain/(loss) on disposal of non-financial assets;
- Any gain or loss on the disposal of non-financial assets is recognised at the date of disposal.

Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value

Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value includes:

- realised and unrealised gains and losses from revaluations of financial instruments at fair value;
- impairment and reversal of impairment for financial instruments at amortised cost; and
- disposals of financial assets and derecognition of financial liabilities.

Other gains/(losses) from other economic flows

Other gains/(losses) include:

- the revaluation of the present value of the long service leave liability due to changes in the bond rate movements, inflation rate movements and the impact of changes in probability factors; and
- transfer of amounts from reserves to accumulated surplus or net result due to disposal, derecognition or reclassification.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4: Key Assets to support service delivery

The hospital controls infrastructure and other investments that are utilised in fulfilling its objectives and constructing its activities. They represent the key resources that have been entrusted to the health service to be utilised for delivery of those outputs.

Structure

4.1 Property, plant and equipment

4.2 Depreciation

Telling the COVID-19 story

Assets used to support the delivery of our services during the financial year were not materially impacted by the COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic and its impact on our economy and the health of our community.

Key judgements and estimates

This section contains the following key judgements and estimates:

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Measuring fair value of property, plant and	Central Gippsland Health Service obtains independent
equipment and investment properties	valuations for its non-current assets at least once every five years.
	If an independent valuation has not been undertaken at
	balance date, the health service estimates possible changes
	in fair value since the date of the last independent valuation
	with reference to Valuer-General of Victoria indices.
	Managerial adjustments are recorded if the assessment
	concludes a material change in fair value has occurred.
	Where exceptionally large movements are identified, an interim independent valuation is undertaken.
	interin independent valuation is undertaken.
Estimating useful life and residual value of	Central Gippsland Health Service assigns an estimated
property, plant and equipment	useful life to each item of property, plant and equipment,
	whilst also estimating the residual value of the asset, if any,
	at the end of the useful life. This is used to calculate
	depreciation of the asset. The health service reviews the useful life, residual value and
	depreciation rates of all assets at the end of each financial
	year and where necessary, records a change in accounting
	estimate.
Estimating useful life of right-of-use assets	The useful life of each right-of-use asset is typically the
	respective lease term, except where the health service is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option contained
	within the lease (if any), in which case the useful life reverts
	to the estimated useful life of the underlying asset.
	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant
	judgement to determine whether or not it is reasonably
	certain to exercise such purchase options.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4: Key Assets to support service delivery continued

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Identifying indicators of impairment	At the end of each year, Central Gippsland Health assesses impairment by evaluating the conditions and events specific to the health service that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Where an indication exists, the health service tests the asset for impairment.
	The health service considers a range of information when performing its assessment, including considering: - If an asset's value has declined more than expected based on normal use - If a significant change in technological, market, economic or legal environment which adversely impacts the way the health service uses an asset - If an asset is obsolete or damaged - If the asset has become idle or if there are plans to discontinue or dispose of the asset before the end of its useful life - If the performance of the asset is or will be worse than initially expected. Where an impairment trigger exists, the health services applies significant judgement and estimate to determine the recoverable amount of the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1: Property, Plant and Equipment	2024	2020
(a) Gross carrying amount and accumulated depreciation	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Land	φ 000	φ 000
Crown Land at Fair Value	4,354	3,491
Freehold Land at Fair Value	450	450
Total Land	4,804	3,941
Buildings		
Buildings at Cost	4,673	3,894
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(103)	(21)
Sub-total Buildings at Cost	4,570	3,873
Buildings at Fair Value	46,469	46,469
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(9,531)	(4,765)
Sub-total Buildings at Fair Value	36,938	41,704
Buildings - Right of Use	78	78
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(31)	(16)
Sub-total Buildings Right of Use	47	62
Buildings Under Construction at Cost	216	324
Leasehold Improvements at Fair value		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		-
Total Buildings	41,771	45,963
Plant and Equipment at fair value	7,644	7,724
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(3,605)	(3,208)
Total Plant & Equipment	4,039	4,516
Motor Vehicles at fair value	958	958
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(692)	(599)
Total Motor Vehicles	266	359
Medical Equipment at fair value	12,666	11,029
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(8,015)	(7,276)
Total Medical Equipment	4,651	3,753
Computers and communication equipment at fair Value	1,179	911
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(857)	(760)
Total Computers and communication equipment	322	151
Right of Use-plant, equipment, furniture and fittings and vehicles	6,322	2,758
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,421)	(677)
Total Right of Use-plant, equipment, furniture and fittings and vehicles	4,901	2,081
Total plant and equipment	14,179	10,860
Furniture and Fittings at Fair Value	1,462	1,418
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,233)	(1,205)
Total Furniture and Fittings	229	213
Other at Fair Value		
Linen	861	918
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(468) 393	(558)
Total Other	393	360
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	61,376	61,337

CENTRAL GIPPSLAND HEALTH SERVICE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1: Property, Plant and Equipment continued

(b) Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of asset

	Land	Buildings	Right-of Use Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Medical Equipment	Computers & Communication Equipment	Right of Use Assets- Plant and Equipment	Furniture & Fittings	Linen	Assets under Construction	Total
	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$'000	\$.000	\$'000	\$,000	\$'000	\$,000
Balance as at 1 July 2019	4,550	47,078	78	4,668	425	2,361	77	2,758	253	279	1,039	63,566
Additions	t	3,267	t	289	41	2,013	115	t	ı	355	ı	080'9
Disposals	(609)					•			•	•	(715)	(1,324)
Depreciation (refer Note 4.2)		(4,768)	(16)	(441)	(107)	(621)	(41)	(677)	(40)	(274)		(6,985)
Balance as at 30 June 2020	3,941	45,577	62	4,516	329	3,753	151	2,081	213	360	324	61,337
Adjusted balance at 1 July 2020	3,941	45,577	62	4,516	359	3,753	151	2,081	213	360	324	61,337
Additions	-	823	-	2		1,326	592	3,565	52	233	177	6,450
Revaluations	863		•		•	,	•		,	•	•	863
Depreciation (refer Note 4.2)	,	(4,846)	(15)	(444)	(63)	(794)	(86)	(745)	(38)	(200)	1	(7,274)
Transfer between classes	t	115	t	(38)	ī	205	t	t	3	t	(282)	ι
Balance as at 30 June 2021	4,804	41,669	47	4,039	266	4,490	322	4,901	229	393	216	61,376

A full revaluation of the Central Gippsland Health Service's land and buildings was performed by the Valuer-General of Victoria (VGV) in May 2019 in accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Direction (FRD) 103H Non-Financial Physical Assets. The valuation, which conforms to Australian Valuation Standards, was determined by reference to the amounts for which assets could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The effective date of the valuation for both land and buildings was 30 June 2019.

In compliance with FRD 103H, in the year ended 30 June 2021, management conducted an annual assessment of the fair value of land and buildings. To facilitate this, management obtained from the Department of Treasury and Finance the VGV indices for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

VGV indices utilised in the revaluation are based on data to March 2021. A cumulative managerial revaluation was applied to all land parcels reflective of growth from 30 June 2019 to 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1 (b): Property, Plant and Equipment - Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of asset continued

How we recognise property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible items that are used by Central Gippsland Health Service in the supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administration purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one financial year.

Initial Recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment (excluding right-of-use assets) are initially measured at cost. Where an asset is acquired for no or nominal cost, being far below the fair value of the asset, the deemed cost is its fair value at the date of acquisition. Assets transferred as part of an amalgamation/machinery of government change are transferred at their carrying amounts.

The cost of constructed non-financial physical assets includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

The cost of a leasehold improvement is capitalised as an asset and depreciated over the shorter of the remaining term of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

Subsequent measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment (excluding right-of-use assets) are subsequently measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses where applicable.

Fair value is determined with reference to the asset's highest and best use (considering legal or physical restrictions imposed on the asset, public announcements or commitments made in relation to the intended use of the asset).

Further information regarding fair value measurement is disclosed below.

Revaluation

Fair value is based on periodic valuations by independent valuers, which normally occur once every five years, based upon the asset's Government Purpose Classification, but may occur more frequently if fair value assessments indicate a material change in fair value has occurred.

Where an independent valuation has not been undertaken at balance date, Central Gippsland Health Service perform a managerial assessment to estimate possible changes in fair value of land and buildings since the date of the last independent valuation with reference to Valuer-General of Victoria (VGV) indices.

An adjustment is recognised if the assessment concludes that the fair value of land and buildings has changed by 10% or more since the last revaluation (whether that be the most recent independent valuation or managerial valuation). Any estimated change in fair value of less than 10% is deemed immaterial to the financial statements and no adjustment is recorded. Where the assessment indicates there has been an exceptionally material movement in the fair value of land and buildings since the last independent valuation, being equal to or in excess of 40%, Central Gippsland Health Service would obtain an interim independent valuation prior to the next scheduled independent valuation.

An independent valuation of Central Gippsland Health Service's property, plant and equipment was performed by the VGV on 30 June 2019. The valuation, which complies with Australian Valuation Standards, was determined by reference to the amount for which assets could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The managerial assessment performed at 30 June 2021 indicated an overall increase in fair value of englobo and residential land of 21.90% (\$863,079).

As the cumulative movement was greater than 10% for land since the last revaluation a managerial revaluation adjustment was required as at 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1 (b): Property, Plant and Equipment - Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of asset continued

Revaluation increases (increments) arise when an asset's fair value exceeds its carrying amount. In comparison, revaluation decreases (decrements) arise when an asset's fair value is less than its carrying amount. Revaluation increments and revaluation decrements relating to individual assets within an asset class are offset against one another within that class but are not offset in respect of assets in different classes.

Revaluation increments are recognised in 'Other Comprehensive Income' and are credited directly to the asset revaluation reserve, except that, to the extent that an increment reverses a revaluation decrement in respect of that same class of asset previously recognised as an expense in net result, in which case the increment is recognised as income in the net result.

Revaluation decrements are recognised in 'Other Comprehensive Income' to the extent that a credit balance exists in the asset revaluation reserve in respect of the same class of property, plant and equipment. Otherwise, the decrement is recognised as an expense in the net result.

The revaluation reserve included in equity in respect of an item of property, plant and equipment may be transferred directly to retained earnings when the asset is derecognised.

Impairment

At the end of each financial year, Central Gippsland Health Service assesses if there is any indication that an item of property, plant and equipment may be impaired by considering internal and external sources of information. If an indication exists, Central Gippsland Health Service estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. Where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease as noted above.

Central Gippsland Health Service has concluded that the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment which are regularly revalued is expected to be materially consistent with the current fair value. As such, there were no indications of property, plant and equipment being impaired at balance date.

How we recognise right-of-use assets

Where Central Gippsland Health Service enters a contract, which provides the health service with the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for payment, this contract is considered a lease.

Unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or a lease of a low-value asset (refer to Note 6.1 for further information), the contract gives rise to a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability. Central Gippsland Health Service presents its right-of-use assets as part of property, plant and equipment as if the asset was owned by the health service.

Right-of-use assets and their respective lease terms include:

Class of right-of-use asset	Lease term
Leased buildings	21 years
Leased plant, equipment, furniture, fittings and vehicles	3 to 7 years

Presentation of right-of-use assets

Central Gippsland Health Service presents right-of-use assets as 'property plant equipment' unless they meet the definition of investment property, in which case they are disclosed as 'investment property' in the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1 (b): Property, Plant and Equipment - Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of asset continued

Initial recognition

When a contract is entered into, Central Gippsland Health Service assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If a lease is present, a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability is recognised. The definition and recognition criteria of a lease is disclosed at Note 6.1.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and comprises the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, adjusted for:

- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date

Central Gippsland Health Service's Property Plant and Equipment lease agreements contain purchase options which the health service is not reasonably certain to exercise at the completion of the lease.

Central Gippsland Health Service holds lease agreements which contain significantly below-market terms and conditions, which are principally to enable the health service to further its objectives. The health service has applied temporary relief and continues to measure those right-of-use asset at cost. Refer to Note 6.1 for further information regarding the nature and terms of the concessional lease, and Central Gippsland Health Service's dependency on such lease arrangements.

Subsequent measurement

Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses where applicable. Right-of-use assets are also adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability (for example, when a variable lease payment based on an index or rate becomes effective).

Impairment

At the end of each financial year, Central Gippsland Health Service assesses if there is any indication that a right-of-use asset may be impaired by considering internal and external sources of information. If an indication exists, Central Gippsland Health Service estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. Where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised.

Central Gippsland Health Service performed an impairment assessment and noted there were no indications of its right-of-use assets being impaired at balance date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1: Property, Plant and Equipment continued

(c) Fair Value measurement hierarchy for assets

	Carrying Amount as at		neasuremen ing period u	
	30 June 2021	Level 1 i	Level 2 i	Level 3 i
Land at fair value				
Non-specialised	1,712	-	1,712	-
Specialised land				
- 155 Guthridge Pd, Sale	2,860	-	-	2,860
- 48 Kent St, Maffra	232	-	-	232
Total Land at fair value	4,804		1,712	3,092
Buildings at fair value				
Non-specialised buildings	579	-	579	-
Specialised buildings				
- 155 Guthridge Pd, Sale	38,759	-	-	38,759
- 48 Kent St, Maffra	2,109	-	-	2,109
- Loch Sport	108	-	-	108
 Assets under construction at fair value 	216	-	_	216
Total of buildings at fair value	41,771	-	579	41,192
Plant and equipment at fair value				
Plant and equipment at fair value				
- Vehicles (ii)	266	-	_	266
 Plant and equipment 	4,361	-	-	4,361
 Medical equipment 	4,651	=	=	4,651
- Right of Use- plant, equipment, furniture and fi	ttings4,901	-	-	4,901
Total of plant, equipment and vehicles at fair	value <u>14,179</u>	-	-	14,179
Furniture and Fittings at fair value				
Furniture and Fittings at fair value	229	-	-	229
Total medical equipment at fair value	229	-	-	229
Linen at fair value				
Linen at fair value	393	-	-	393
Total linen at fair value	393	-	-	393
Total Assets at fair value	61,376	-	2,291	59,085

⁽i) Classified in accordance with fair value hierarchy

There have been no transfers between levels during the period. In the prior year, there is a transfer between non-specialised land and specialised land to reflect the correct fair value as per the ownership of the land.

⁽ii) Vehicles are categorised to Level 3 assets if the depreciated replacement cost is used in estimating the fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1 (c): Property, Plant and Equipment - Fair Value measurement hierarchy for assets

	Carrying Amount as at		neasurement ing period u	
_	30 June 2020	Level 1 i	Level 2 i	Level 3 i
Land at fair value Non-specialised Specialised land	1,405	-	1,405	-
- 155 Guthridge Pd, Sale - 48 Kent St, Maffra	2,346 190	-	- -	2,346 190
Total Land at fair value	3,941	-	1,405	2,536
Buildings at fair value Non-specialised buildings Specialised buildings - 155 Guthridge Pd, Sale - 48 Kent St, Maffra	827 42,168 2,520	- -	827 - -	- 42,168 2,520
 Loch Sport Assets under construction at fair value Total of buildings at fair value 	124 324 45,963	- -	- - 827	124 324 45,136
Plant and equipment at fair value Plant and equipment at fair value - Vehicles (ii) - Plant and equipment - Medical equipment - Right of Use- plant, equipment, furniture and it	359 4,667 3,753 Fittings 2,081	- - -	- - - -	359 4,667 3,753 2,081
Total of plant, equipment and vehicles at fair	value <u>10,860</u>	-	-	10,860
Furniture & Fittings at fair value Furniture & Fittings at fair value	213	-	-	213
Total medical equipment at fair value	213	-	_	213
Linen at fair value Linen at fair value	360	-	-	360
Total linen at fair value	360	_	_	360
Total Assets at fair value	61,337		2,232	59,105
Total Flooring at Ian Falac			-/	

⁽i) Classified in accordance with fair value hierarchy.

There is a transfer between non-specialised land and specialised land to reflect the correct fair value as per the ownership of the land.

⁽ii) Vehicles are categorised as Level 3 assets if the depreciated replacement cost is used in estimating the fair

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1: Property, Plant and Equipment continued

(d) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurement

30 June 2021	Land	Building	Plant & Equipment	Furniture & Fittings	Linen
Opening Balance - Additions/(Disposals)	2,536 -	45,136 938	10,860 5,302	213 55	360 233
Gains or Losses recognised in net result - Depreciation Items recognised in other comprehensive income	-	(4,721)	(1,983)	(39)	(200)
- Revaluation	556	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	3,092	41,353	14,179	229	393

There is a transfer between non-specialised land and specialised land to reflect the correct fair value as per the ownership of the land.

30 June 2020	Land	Building	Plant & Equipment	Furniture & Fittings	Linen
Opening Balance - Additions/(Disposals)	2,536 -	47,289 2,615	7,531 566	253 -	279 355
 Additions of Leases for specialised right to use Gains or Losses recognised in net result Depreciation 	e assets -	(4.768)	3,204	(40)	(274)
Items recognised in other comprehensive income	_	(4,700)	(441)	(40)	(2/4)
Closing Balance	2,536	45,136	10,860	213	360

⁽i) Classified in accordance with the fair value hierarchy, refer Note 4.1(c).

(e) Fair Value Determination

Asset Class Likely Valuation Approach		Significant Inputs (Level 3 only)	
Non-specialised land	Market Approach	n.a	
Specialised Land (Crown/Freehold)	Market Approach	Community Service Obligations Adjustments (a)	
Non- specialised buildings	Market Approach	n.a	
Specialised buildings	Depreciated replacement cost approach	- Cost per square metre - Useful Life	
Vehicles	Depreciated replacement cost approach	- Cost per square metre - Useful Life	
Plant and equipment	Depreciated replacement cost approach	- Cost per square metre - Useful Life	
Infrastructure	Depreciated replacement cost approach	- Cost per square metre - Useful Life	

⁽a) A Community Service Obligation (CSO) of 20% was applied to the health services specialised land classified in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1 (e): Property, Plant and Equipment - Fair Value Determination continued

How we measure fair value

Fair Value Measurement

Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, Central Gippsland Health Service has determined classes of assets on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

In addition, Central Gippsland Health Service determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

There have been no transfers between levels during the period. In the prior year, there is a transfer between non-specialised land and specialised land to reflect the correct fair value as per the independent revaluation in 2019.

The Valuer-General Victoria (VGV) is Central Gippsland Health Services' independent valuation agency. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Valuation hierarchy

In determining fair values a number of inputs are used. To increase consistency and comparability in the financial statements, these inputs are categorised into three levels, also known as the fair value hierarchy. The levels are as follows:

- Level 1 quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Identifying unobservable inputs (level 3) fair value measurements

Level 3 fair value inputs are unobservable valuation inputs for an asset or liability. These inputs require significant judgement and assumptions in deriving fair value for both financial and non-financial assets.

Unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. However, the fair value measurement objective remains the same, i.e., an exit price at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant that holds the asset or owes the liability. Therefore, unobservable inputs shall reflect the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk.

Consideration of highest and best use (HBU) for non-financial physical assets

Judgements about highest and best use must take into account the characteristics of the assets concerned, including restrictions on the use and disposal of assets arising from the asset's physical nature and any applicable legislative/contractual arrangements.

In accordance with paragraph AASB 13.29, Central Gippsland Health Service has assumed the current use of a non-financial physical asset is its HBU unless market or other factors suggest that a different use by market participants would maximise the value of the asset.

Theoretical opportunities that may be available in relation to the asset(s) are not taken into account until it is virtually certain that any restrictions will no longer apply. Therefore, unless otherwise disclosed, the current use of these non-financial physical assets will be their highest and best uses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1 (e): Property, Plant and Equipment - Fair Value Determination continued

Non-specialised land, non-specialised buildings

Non-specialised land, and non-specialised buildings are valued using the market approach. Under this valuation method, the assets are compared to recent comparable sales or sales of comparable assets which are considered to have nominal or no added improvement value.

For non-specialised land and non-specialised buildings, an independent valuation was performed by Valuer-General Victoria to determine the fair value using the market approach. Valuation of the assets was determined by analysing comparable sales and allowing for share, size, topography, location and other relevant factors specific to the asset being valued. An appropriate rate per square metre has been applied to the subject asset. The effective date of the valuation is 30 June 2019.

Specialised land and specialised buildings

Specialised land includes Crown Land which is measured at fair value with regard to the property's highest and best use after due consideration is made for any legal or constructive restrictions imposed on the asset, public announcements or commitments made in relation to the intended use of the asset. Theoretical opportunities that may be available in relation to the asset(s) are not taken into account until it is virtually certain that any restrictions will no longer apply. Therefore unless otherwise disclosed, the current use of these non financial assets will be their highest and best use.

During the reporting period, Central Gippsland Health Service held Crown Land. The nature of this asset means that there are certain limitations and restrictions imposed on its use and/or disposal that may impact their fair value.

The market approach is also used for specialised land and specialised buildings although it is adjusted for the community service obligation (CSO), to reflect the specialised nature of the assets being valued. Specialised assets contain significant, unobservable adjustments; therefore these assets are classified as Level 3 under the market based direct comparison approach.

The CSO adjustment is a reflection of the valuer's assessment of the impact of restrictions associated with an asset to the extent that is also equally applicable to market participants. This approach is in light of the highest and best use consideration required for fair value measurement, and takes into account the use of the asset that is physically possible, legally permissible and financially feasible. As adjustments of CSO are considered as significant unobservable inputs, specialised land would be classified as Level 3 assets.

For Central Gippsland Health Service, the depreciated replacement cost method is used for the majority of specialised buildings, adjusting for the associated depreciation. As depreciation adjustments are considered as significant and unobservable inputs in nature, specialised buildings are classified as Level 3 for fair value measurements.

An independent valuation of the Health Service's specialised land and specialised buildings was performed by the Valuer-General Victoria. The valuation was performed using the market approach adjusted for CSO. The effective date of the valuation is 30 June 2019.

Vehicles

The Central Gippsland Health Service acquires new vehicles and at times disposes of them before completion of their economic life. The process of acquisition, use and disposal in the market is managed by the Health Service who set relevant depreciation rates during use to reflect the consumption of the vehicles. As a result, the fair value of vehicles does not differ materially from the carrying value (depreciated cost).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.1 (e): Property, Plant and Equipment - Fair Value Determination continued

Furniture, fittings, plant and equipment

Furniture, fittings, plant and equipment (including medical equipment, computers and communication equipment) are held at carrying amount (depreciated cost). When plant and equipment is specialised in use, such that it is rarely sold other than as part of a going concern, the depreciated replacement cost is used to estimate the fair value. Unless there is market evidence that current replacement costs are significantly different from the original acquisition cost, it is considered unlikely that depreciated replacement cost will be materially different from the existing carrying amount.

There were no changes in valuation techniques throughout the period to 30 June 2021.

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
(f) Revaluation Surplus	•	•
Property, Plant and Equipment Revaluation Surplus		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	57,620	57,620
Revaluation Increment		
- Land (refer note 4.1(b))	863	-
- Buildings	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period*	58,483	57,620
*Represented by:		
- Land	4,354	3,491
- Buildings	54,129	54,129
	58,483	57,620

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4.2: Depreciation		
Depreciation		
Buildings	4,846	4,784
Right of Use buildings	15	-
Plant and Equipment	252	234
Motor Vehicles	93	107
Medical equipment	794	621
Computer Equipment	98	41
Other Equipment	192	207
Furniture and Fittings	39	41
Linen	200	274
Right of use - plant, equipment, furniture, fittings and motor vehicles	745	693
Total Depreciation	7,274	7,002

How we recognise depreciation

All infrastructure assets, buildings, plant and equipment and other non-financial physical assets (excluding items under operating leases, assets held for sale, land and investment properties) that have finite useful lives are depreciated.

Depreciation is generally calculated on a straight line basis, at rates that allocate the asset value, less any estimated residual value over its estimated useful life.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the health service anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

The following table indicates the expected useful lives of non current assets on which the depreciation charges are based.

	2021	2020
Buildings		
- Structure Shell Building Fabric	1 - 50 years	1 - 50 years
- Site Engineering and Central Plant	1 - 36 years	1 - 36 years
Central Plant		
- Fit Out	1 - 20 years	1 - 20 years
- Trunk Reticulated Building Systems	1 - 22 years	1 - 22 years
Plant & Equipment	5 - 20 years	5 - 20 years
Furniture & Fittings	5 -20 years	5 -20 years
Leased Assets	5 - 10 years	5 - 10 years
Computers & Communication	3 - 5 years	3 - 5 years
Linen	1 - 5 years	1 - 5 years

As part of the buildings valuation, building values were separated into components and each component assessed for its useful life which is represented above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 5: Other assets and liabilities

This section sets out those assets and liabilities that arose from the hospital's operations.

Structure

- 5.1 Receivables and contract assets
- 5.2 Payables and contract liabilities
- 5.3 Other liabilities
- 5.4 Non-financial physical assets classified as held for sale including disposal groups and directly associated liabilities

Telling the COVID-19 story

The measurement of other assets and liabilities were not materially impacted by the COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic and its impact on our economy and the health of our community.

Key judgements and estimates

This section contains the following key judgements and estimates:

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Estimating the provision for expected credit losses	Central Gippsland Health Service uses a simplified approach to account for the expected credit loss provision. A provision matrix is used, which considers historical experience, external indicators and forward-looking information to determine expected credit loss rates.
Classifying a sub-lease arrangement as either an operating lease or finance lease	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement to determine if a sub-lease arrangement, where the health service is a lessor, meets the definition of an operating lease or finance lease. The health service considers a range of scenarios when classifying a sub-lease. A sub-lease typically meets the definition of a finance lease if:
	- The lease transfers ownership of the asset to the lessee at the end of the term - The lessee has an option to purchase the asset for a price that is significantly below fair value at the end of The lease term - The lease term is for the majority of the asset's useful life - The present value of lease payments amount to the approximate fair value of the leased asset and - The leased asset is of a specialised nature that only the lessee can use without significant modification.
	All other sub-lease arrangements are classified as an operating lease.
Measuring deferred capital grant income	Where Central Gippsland Health Service has received funding to construct an identifiable non-financial asset, such funding is recognised as deferred capital grant income until the underlying asset is constructed. Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement when measuring the deferred capital grant income balance, which references the estimated the stage of completion at the end of each financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 5: Other assets and liabilities continued

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Measuring contract liabilities	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement to measure its progress towards satisfying a performance obligation as detailed in Note 2. Where a performance obligation is yet to be satisfied, the health service assigns funds to the outstanding obligation and records this as a contract liability until the promised good or service is transferred to the customer.
Recognition of other provisions	Other provisions include Central Gippsland Health Service's obligation to restore leased assets to their original condition at the end of a lease term. The health service applies significant judgement and estimate to determine the present value of such restoration costs.

Note 5.1: Receivables and contract assets	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Current	4	7
Contractual		
Trade Debtors	512	388
Patient Fees	629	918
Accrued Revenue	509	172 335
Amounts receivable from governments and agencies Accrued Revenue - Department of Health	442 770	335 402
Less Allowance for Doubtful Debts	770	402
Patient Fees	(41)	(43)
	2,821	2,172
GST Receivable	143	265
Total Current Receivables	2,964	2,437
Non Current		
Long Service Leave - Department of Health	1,729	1,752
Total Non-Current Receivables	1,729	1,752
Total Receivables	4,693	4,189
Financial assets classified as receivables and contract assets (Note 7.1 (a))		
Total Receivables and Contract Assets	4,693	4,189
+ Provision for impairment	41	43
- Contract asset	(770)	(402)
- GST receivable	(143)	(265)
Total Financial Assets	3,821	3,565
(a) Movement in the Allowance for impairment losses of contractua	l receivables	
Balance at beginning of year	43	7 7
Reversal of allowance written off during the year as uncollectable	(80)	(50)
Increase	78	16
Balance at	41	43

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 5.1: Receivables and contract assets continued

How we recognise receivables

Receivables consists of:

- **Contractual receivables**, which mostly includes debtors in relation to goods and services. These receivables are classified as financial instruments and categorised as financial assets at amortised cost. They are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Central Gippsland Health Service holds the contractual receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.
- **Statutory receivables**, which mostly includes amounts owing from the Victorian Government and Goods and Services Tax (GST) input tax credits that are recoverable. Statutory receivables do not arise from contracts and are recognised and measured similarly to contractual receivables (except for impairment), but are not classified as financial instruments for disclosure purposes. Central Gippsland Health Service applies AASB9 for initial measurement of the statutory receivables and as a result statutory receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost.

Trade debtors are carried at nominal amounts due and are due for settlement within 30 days from the date of recognition.

In assessing impairment of statutory (non-contractual) financial assets, which are not financial instruments, professional judgement is applied in assessing materiality using estimates, averages and other computational methods in accordance with AASB 136 *Impairment of Assets*.

Central Gippsland Health Service is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various geographical areas. Based on historical information about customer default rates, management consider the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

Impairment losses of contractual receivables

Refer to Note 7.2 (a) Contractual receivables at amortised costs for Central Gippsland Health Service's contractual impairment losses

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 5.2: Payables and contract liabilities			
•		2021	2020
Current		\$'000	\$'000
Contractual Payables			
Trade Creditors		1,826	1,859
Accrued Salaries and Wages		2,181	1,479
Accrued Expenses		3,603	2,494
Amounts payable to governments and agencies		546	452
Contract Liability - Deferred grant revenue	5.2(a)	+	50
State Contract Liabilities		805	59
Other Contract Liabilities		1,650	1,553
Total Current Contractual Payable	-	10,611	7,946
Financial assets classified as receivables and contract as	sets (Note 7.1 (a))	
Total Payables and Contract Liabilities		10,611	7,946
- Contract Liabilities		(2,455)	(1,612)
- Deferred grant income		-	(50)
 Governements and Agencies 	_	(546)	(452)
Total Financial Liabilites		7,610	5,832

How we recognise payables and contract liabilities

Payables consist of:

- contractual payables, classified as financial instruments and measured at amortised cost. Accounts payable and salaries and wages payable represent liabilities for goods and services provided to Central Gippsland Health Service prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid; and
- statutory payables, that are recognised and measured similarly to contractual payables, but are not classified as financial instruments and not included in the category of financial liabilities at amortised cost, because they do not arise from contracts.

The normal credit terms for accounts payable are usually Nett 60 days.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 5.2: Payables and contract liabilities continued		
Note 5.2 (a) Deferred capital grant revenue	2021 \$,000	2020 \$,000
Opening balance of deferred grant income	\$,000 50	\$,000 50
, ,		50
Grant consideration for capital works received during the year	1,130	-
Deferred grant revenue recognised as revenue due to completion of capital works	(1,180)	-
Closing balance of deferred grant consideration received	-	50

How we recognise deferred capital grant revenue

Grant consideration was received for the Critical Care Unit (CCU) and Electronic Medical Record (EMR) projects. Capital grant revenue is recognised progressively as the asset is constructed, since this is the time when Central Gippsland Health Service satisfies its obligations. The progressive percentage costs incurred is used to recognise income because this most closely reflects the percentage of completion of the building works.

Note 5.2 (b) Contract Liabilities	2021 \$,000	2020 \$,000
Opening balance of deferred grant income	1,553	-
Adjustment for initial adoption of AASB 15	-	1,019
Add: Payments received for performance obligations not yet fulfilled	-	1,167
Add: Grant consideration for sufficiently specific performance obligations received during the year	-	(633)
Less: Revenue recognised for the completion of a performance obligation	97	-
Total contract liabilities Represented by	1,650	1,553
Non-current contract liabilities	1.650	1.553

How we recognise contract liabilities

Contract liabilities include consideration received in advance from customers in respect of homecare packages, paid maternity leave and recallable grants. Invoices are raised once the goods and services are delivered/provided.

Contract liabilities are derecognised and recorded as revenue when promised goods and services are transferred to the customer. Refer to Note 2.1.

Maturity analysis of payables

Please refer to Note 7.2(b) for the ageing analysis of payables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 5.3: Other Liabilities	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Current		
Monies Held in Trust		
- Refundable Accommodation Deposits	6,603	5,323
Total Current	6,603	5,323
Total Other Liabilities	6,603	5,323
* Total monies held in trust represented by the following assets:		
Investments and other financial assets		
	6,603	5,323

How we recognise other liabilities

Refundable Accommodation Deposit (RAD)/Accommodation Bond liabilities

RADs/accommodation bonds are non-interest-bearing deposits made by some aged care residents to the organisation upon admission. These deposits are liabilities which fall due and payable when the resident leaves the home. As there is no unconditional right to defer payment for 12 months, these liabilities are recorded as current liabilities.

RAD/accommodation bond liabilities are recorded at an amount equal to the proceeds received, net of retention and any other amounts deducted from the RAD/accommodation bond in accordance with the Aged Care Act 1997.

Noto	E 4 ((-)	Non-Financial	nhycical	accete	classified	ac hold	l for	cala
note	5.4 I	ıaı	Non-Financiai	DNVSICAL	assets	ciassified	as neio	ı tor '	saie

The second secon	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Freehold land held for sale(i)	-	609
Total Non-financial physical assets classified as held for sale		609

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Measurement at end of Reporting period Using:			
	2021 \$'000	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Freehold land held for Sale (i)	-	-	-	-	
Total Non-Financial Physical Assets Classified	_	1	_	=	

	Carrying Amount 2020 \$'000	Fair Value Measurement at end of Reporting period Using:		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Freehold land held for Sale (i)	609	-	609	-
Total Non-Financial Physical Assets Classified	609	-	609	-

⁽i) Classified in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

How we recognise non-financial physical assets classified as held for sale

Non-financial physical assets are treated as current and are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable, the asset's sale is expected to be completed within 12 months from the date of classification, and the asset is available for immediate use in the current condition.

Non-financial physical assets classified as held for sale are treated as current and are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs of disposal, and are not subject to depreciation or amortisation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 6: How we finance our operations

This section provides information on the sources of finance utilised by Central Gippsland Health Service during its operations, along with interest expenses (the cost of borrowings) and other information related to financing activities of Central Gippsland Health Service.

This section includes disclosures of balances that are financial instruments (such as borrowings and cash balances). Note 7.1 provides additional, specific financial instrument disclosures.

Structure

- 6.1 Borrowings
- 6.2 Cash and Cash equivalents
- 6.3 Commitments for expenditure

Telling the COVID-19 story

Our finance and borrowing arrangements were not materially impacted by the COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic and its impact on our economy and the health of our community.

Key judgements and estimates

This section contains the following key judgements and estimates:

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Determining if a contract is or contains a lease	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement to determine if a contract is or contains a lease by considering if the health service: - has the right-to-use an identified asset - has the right to obtain substantially all economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and - can decide how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the lease.
Determining if a lease meets the short-term or low value asset lease exemption	Central Gippsland Health Service applies significant judgement when determining if a lease meets the short-term or low value lease exemption criteria. The health service estimates the fair value of leased assets when new. Where the estimated fair value is less than \$10,000, the health service applies the low-value lease exemption. The health service also estimates the lease term with reference to remaining lease term and period that the lease remains enforceable. Where the enforceable lease period is less than 12 months the health service applies the short-term lease exemption.
Discount rate applied to future lease payments	Central Gippsland Health Service discounts its lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for the health service's lease arrangements, Central Gippsland Health Service uses its incremental borrowing rate, which is the amount the health service would have to pay to borrow funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 6: How we finance our operations continued

Key judgements and estimates	Description
Assessing the lease term	The lease term represents the non-cancellable period of a lease, combined with periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease if Central Gippsland Health Service is reasonably certain to exercise such options. Central Gippsland Health Service determines the likelihood of exercising such options on a lease-by-lease basis through consideration of various factors including: - If there are significant penalties to terminate (or not extend), the health service is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate) the lease. - If any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the health service is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate) the lease. - The health service considers historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption to replace such leased assets.

Note 6.1 Borrowings

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Current	105	244
Loans from Government (i)	196	311
Lease Liability (ii)	1,022	775
Total Current	1,218	1,086
Non-Current		
Loans from Government (i)	195	369
Lease Liability (ii)	3,943	1,560
Total Non-Current	4,138	1,929
Total Borrowings	5,356	3,015

⁽i) These are unsecured loans which bear no interest

How we recognise borrowings

Borrowings refer to interesting bearing liabilities mainly raised from advances from the Treasury Corporation of Victoria (TCV) and other funds raised through lease liabilities, service concession arrangements and other interest-bearing arrangements.

Initial recognition

All borrowings are initially recognised at fair value of the consideration received, less directly attributable transaction costs. The measurement basis subsequent to initial recognition depends on whether the Central Gippsland Health Service has categorised its liability as either 'financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss', or financial liabilities at 'amortised cost'.

⁽ii) Secured by the assets leased. Leases are effectively secured as the rights to the leased assets and revert to the lessor in the event of default.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 6.1 Borrowings continued

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, interest bearing borrowings are measured at amortised cost with any difference between the initial recognised amount and the redemption value being recognised in the net result over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest method. Non-interest bearing borrowings are measured at 'fair value through profit or loss'.

Maturity analysis of borrowings

Please refer to Note 7.2(b) for the ageing analysis of borrowings.

Defaults and breaches

During the current and prior year, there were no defaults and breaches of any loans.

Note 6.1 (a): Lease Liabilities

Repayments in relation to leases are payable as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	5,412	2,429
Less unexpired finance expense	(447)	(94)
Net Lease Liabilities	4,965	2,335

The following table sets out the maturity analysis of lease liabilities, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be made after the reporting date

Not later than one year	1,066	816
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	3,429	1,569
Later than 5 years	917	44_
Minimum lease payments	5,412	2,429
Less future finance charges	(447)	(94)
Total	4,965	2,335
* Represented by:	,	,
Current borrowings - lease liability	1,022	775
Non-current borrowings - Lease liability	3,943	1,560
Total	4,965	2,335

Central Gippsland Health Service's leasing activities

Central Gippsland Health Service has entered into leases related to medical equipment, motor vehicles, accommodation properties, and non-medical equipment.

How we recognise lease liabilities

A lease is defined as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right for Central Gippsland Health Service to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for payment.

To apply this definition, Central Gippsland Health Service ensures the contract meets the following criteria:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to Central Gippsland Health Service and for which the supplier does not have substantive substitution rights
- Central Gippsland Health Service has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract and Central Gippsland Health Service has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use; and
- Central Gippsland Health Service has the right to take decisions in respect of 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 6.1 (a): Borrowings - lease liabilities continued

Central Gippsland Health Service's lease arrangements consist of the following:

Type of asset leased Lease term		
Leased buildings	21 years	
Leased plant, equipment, furniture, fittings and	3 to 7 years	
lvehicles	,	

All leases are recognised on the balance sheet, with the exception of low value leases (less than \$10,000 AUD) and short term leases of less than 12 months. Central Gippsland Health Service had no low value, short term and variable lease payments as at 30 June 2021.

Separation of lease and non-lease components

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the lessee is required to separate out and account separately for non-lease components within a lease contract and exclude these amounts when determining the lease liability and right-of-use asset amount.

Initial measurement

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily determinable or Central Gippsland Health Services incremental borrowing rate. Our lease liability has been discounted by rates of between 2.06% to 2.33%.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentive receivable;
- variable payments based on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments arising from purchase and termination options reasonably certain to be exercised.

The following types of lease arrangements, contain extension and termination options:

- Finance Leases for Medical Equipment leases
- Operational Leases for Medical Equipment, vehicles, accommodation properties

These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the health service and not by the respective In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term and lease liability if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

Potential future cash outflows have not been included in the lease liability because it is not reasonably certain that the leases will be extended (or not terminated).

The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee.

During the current financial year, the financial effect of revising lease terms to reflect the effect of exercising extension and termination options was an increase in recognised lease liabilities and right-of-use assets of \$33,027.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right of use asset is already reduced to zero.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 6.2: Cash and cash equivalents

		2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash on Hand		35	35
Cash at Bank - CBS		20,824	16,218
Total cash and cash equivalents *		20,859	16,253
* includes monies held in trust	5.3	6,603	5,323

How we recognise cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents recognised on the Balance Sheet comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, deposits at call and highly liquid investments (with an original maturity of three months or less), which are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investment purposes, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2021

2020

For cash flow statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents include bank overdrafts, which are included as liabilities on the balance sheet. The cash flow statement includes monies held in trust.

Note 6.3: Commitments for Expenditure

	\$'000	\$'000
Capital Expenditure Commitments		
Less than 1 year	2,193	613
Total Capital Expenditure Commitments	2,193	613
Non-Cancellable Operating Lease Commitments	-	
Less than 1 year		164_
Total Non-cancellable Operating Lease Commitments	-	164
TOTAL COMMITMENTS (inclusive of GST)	2,193	777
Less GST recoverable from the Australian Tax Office	(199)	(78)
TOTAL COMMITMENTS (exclusive of GST)	1,994	699
All the state of t	1	

All amounts shown in the commitments note are nominal amounts inclusive of GST.

How we recognise expenditure commitments **Expenditure commitments**

Commitments for future expenditure include operating and capital commitments arising from contracts. These commitments are disclosed by way of a note at their nominal value and are inclusive of the GST payable. In addition, where it is considered appropriate and provides additional relevant information to users, the net present values of significant individual projects are stated. These future expenditures cease to be disclosed as commitments once the related liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet.

Central Gippsland Health Service has entered into commercial leases on certain medical equipment, computer equipment and property where it is not in the interest of Central Gippsland Health Service to purchase these assets. These leases have an average life between 1 and 20 years with renewal terms included in the contracts. Renewals are at the option of the Health Service. There are no restrictions placed upon the lessee by entering into these leases.

Short-term leases and leases of low value assets

Central Gippsland Health Service has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right of use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Note 6.4: Non-cash financing and investing activities

	\$'000	\$'000
Acquisition of Plant and Equipment by means of Leases	3,565	2,758
Acquisition of Plant and Equipment free of charge	1,174	176
TOTAL NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES	4,739	2,934

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 7: Risks, contingencies and valuation uncertainties

Central Gippsland Health Service is exposed to risk from its activities and outside factors. In addition, it is often necessary to make judgements and estimates associated with recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements. This section sets out financial instrument specific information, (including exposures to financial risks) as well as those items that are contingent in nature or require a higher level of judgement to be applied, which for the hospital is related mainly to fair value determination.

Structure

- 7.1 Financial instruments
- 7.2 Financial risk management objectives and policies

Note 7.1: Financial Instruments

Financial instruments arise out of contractual agreements that give rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Due to the nature of Central Gippsland Health Service's activities, certain financial assets and financial liabilities arise under statute rather than a contract (for example, taxes, fines and penalties). Such financial assets and financial liabilities do not meet the definition of financial instruments in AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation.*

Categorisation of financial instruments

2021		Financial Assets at Amotised Cost \$'000	Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost \$'000	Total \$'000
Contractual Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	6.2	20,859	-	20,859
<u>Receivables</u>				
- Trade Debtors	5.1	512	-	512
- Other Receivables	5.1	3,309		3,309
Total Financial Assets i		24,680	-	24,680
 Financial Liabilities				
Payables	5.2	=	7,610	7,610
Borrowings	6.1		4,965	4,965
Other Financial Liabilities				
- Accommodation bonds	5.3	=	6,603	6,603
Loan from DH	6.1	ı	391	391
Total Financial Liabilities i		1	19,569	19,569

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 7.1: Financial Instruments continued

2020		Contractual Financial Assets at Amortised Cost - Loans and Receivables	Contractual Financial Liabilities at Amortised Costs	Total
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Contractual Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	6.2	16,253	-	16,253
<u>Receivables</u>				
- Trade Debtors	5.1	388	-	388
- Other Receivables	5.1	3,177	-	3,177
Total Financial Assets i		19,818	-	19,818
 Financial Liabilities				
Payables	5.2	=	5,832	5,832
Borrowings	6.1	ı	2,335	2,335
Other Financial Liabilities				
- Accommodation bonds	5.3	=	5,323	5,323
Loan from DH	6.1	-	680	680
Total Financial Liabilities i		1	14,170	14,170

i The carrying amount excludes statutory receivables (i.e. GST receivable and DHHS receivable) and statutory payables (i.e. Revenue in Advance and DHHS payable).

How we categorise financial instruments

Categories of financial assets

Financial assets are recognised when Central Gippsland Health Service becomes party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is at the date Central Gippsland Health Service commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified at fair value through net result, in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine the fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component or if the practical expedient was applied as specified in AASB 15 para 63.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 7.1: Financial Instruments continued

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met and the assets are not designated as fair value through net result:

- the assets are held by Central Gippsland Health Service solely to collect the contractual cash flows and
- the assets' contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specific dates.

These assets are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Central Gippsland Health Service recognises the following assets in this category:

- cash and deposits
- receivables (excluding statutory receivables) and
- term deposits.

Categories of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised when Central Gippsland Health Service becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified at fair value through profit or loss, in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, where they are not held at fair value through net result.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense in net result over the relevant period. The effective interest is the internal rate of return of the financial asset or liability. That is, it is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the instrument to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

Central Gippsland Health Service recognises the following liabilities in this category:

- payables (excluding statutory payables and contract liabilities)
- borrowings and
- other liabilities (including monies held in trust).

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- Central Gippsland Health Service retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or
- Central Gippsland Health Service has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either:
 - has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
 - has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

Where Central Gippsland Health Service has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards or transferred control, the asset is recognised to the extent of Central Gippsland Health Service's continuing involvement in the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 7.1: Financial Instruments continued

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised as an 'other economic flow' in the comprehensive operating statement.

Reclassification of financial instruments

Subsequent to initial recognition reclassification of financial liabilities is not permitted. Financial assets are required to be reclassified between fair value through net result, fair value through other comprehensive income and amortised cost when and only when Central Gippsland Health Service's business model for managing its financial assets has changes such that its previous model would no longer apply. A financial liability reclassification is not permitted.

Note 7.2: Financial risk management objectives and policies

As a whole, Central Gippsland Health Service's financial risk management program seeks to manage the risks and the associated volatility of its financial performance.

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, included the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument above are disclosed throughout the financial statements.

Central Gippsland Health Service's main financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Central Gippsland Health Service manages these financial risks in accordance with its financial risk management policy.

Central Gippsland Health Service uses different methods to measure and manage the different risks to which it is exposed. Primary responsibility for the identification and management of financial risks rests with the Accountable Officer.

Note 7.2 (a): Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the possibility that a borrower will default on its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Central Gippsland Health Service's exposure to credit risk arises from the potential default of a counter party on their contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to Central Gippsland Health Service. Credit risk is measured at fair value and is monitored on a regular basis.

Credit risk associated with Central Gippsland Health Service's contractual financial assets is minimal because the main debtor is the Victorian Government. For debtors other than the Government, the health service is exposed to credit risk associated with patient and other debtors.

In addition, Central Gippsland Health Service does not engage in hedging for its contractual financial assets and mainly obtains contractual financial assets that are on fixed interest, except for cash and deposits, which are mainly cash at bank. As with the policy for debtors, Central Gippsland Health Service's policy is to only deal with banks with high credit ratings.

Provision of impairment for contractual financial assets is recognised when there is objective evidence that Central Gippsland Health Service will not be able to collect a receivable. Objective evidence includes financial difficulties of the debtor, default payments, debtors that are more than 60 days overdue, and changes in debtor credit ratings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 7.2 (a): Credit risk continued

Contract financial assets are written off against the carrying amount when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Bad debt written off by mutual consent is classified as a transaction expense. Bad debt written off following a unilateral decision is recognised as other economic flows in the net result.

Except as otherwise detailed in the following table, the carrying amount of contractual financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents Central Gippsland Health Service's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained.

There has been no material change to Central Gippsland Health Service's credit risk profile in 2020-21.

Impairment of financial assets under AASB 9 Financial Instruments

Central Gippsland Health Service records the allowance for expected credit loss for the relevant financial instruments, in accordance with AASB 9 Financial Instruments 'Expected Credit Loss' approach. Subject to AASB 9 Financial Instruments, impairment assessment includes the Central Gippsland Health Service's contractual receivables, statutory receivables and its investment in debt instruments.

Other financial assets mandatorily measured or designated at fair value through net result are not subject to impairment assessment under AASB 9. While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of AASB 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

Credit loss allowance is classified as other economic flows in the net result. Contractual receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery and impairment losses are classified as a transaction expense. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Contractual receivables at amortised cost

Central Gippsland Health Service applies AASB 9's simplified approach for all contractual receivables to measure expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance based on the assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. Central Gippsland Health Service has grouped contractual receivables on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due and select the expected credit loss rate based on Central Gippsland Health Service's past history, existing market conditions, as well as forward looking estimates at the end of the financial year.

On this basis, Central Gippsland Health Service determines the closing loss allowance at the end of the financial year as follows:

3	30-Jun-20	Current	Less	1-3	3 months	1-5 years	Total
			than 1	months	- 1 year	*	
			month				
Expected loss rate		1%	1%	1%	1%	5%	9%
Gross carrying amount of contractual		1,801	112	53	103	1,752	3,821
receivables							
Loss Allowance		8	2	3	5	25	43

	30-Jun-21	Current	Less than 1		3 months - 1 year	1-5 years *	Total
			month		-		
Expected loss rate		1%	1%	1%	1%	5%	9%
Gross carrying amount of contractua	il	1,540	79	96	139	1,711	3,565
receivables							
Loss Allowance		8	2	3	5	24	41

^{*} includes long service leave funding from the Department of Health

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 7.2 (a): Credit risk continued

In prior years, a provision for doubtful debts is recognised when there is objective evidence that the debts may not be collected and bad debts are written off when identified. A provision is made for estimated irrecoverable amounts from the sale of goods when there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired. Bad debts considered are written off by mutual consent.

Statutory receivables and debt investments at amortised cost

The Central Gippsland Health Service's non-contractual receivables arising from statutory requirements are not financial instruments. However, we have nevertheless recognised and measured in accordance with AASB 9 requirements as if those receivables are financial instruments.

The Central Gippsland Health Service also has no debt investments.

The statutory receivables are considered to have low credit risk, takes into account the counterparty's credit rating, risk of default and capacity to meet contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. As a result, the loss allowance recognised for these financial assets during the period was limited to 12 months expected losses.

Note 7.2 (b): Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from being unable to meet financial obligations as they fall due.

Central Gippsland Health Service is exposed to liquidity risk mainly through the financial liabilities as disclosed in the face of the balance sheet. The health service manages its liquidity risk by:

- close monitoring of its short-term and long-term borrowings by senior management, including monthly reviews on current and future borrowing levels and requirements
- maintaining an adequate level of uncommitted funds that can be drawn at short notice to meet its short-term obligations
- holding investments and other contractual financial assets that are readily tradeable in the financial markets and
- -careful maturity planning of its financial obligations based on forecasts of future cash flows.

Central Gippsland Health Service's exposure to liquidity risk is deemed insignificant based on prior periods' data and current assessment of risk. Cash for unexpected events is generally sourced from liquidation of investments and other financial assets.

The following table discloses the contractual maturity analysis for Central Gippsland Health Service's financial liabilities. For interest rates applicable to each class of liability refer to individual notes to the financial statements.

				Maturity	Dates*
	Note	Carrying		3	1 - 5
2021		Amount	Amount	months -	years
				1 year	
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	5.2	7,610	7,610	7,610	-
Borrowings	6.1	5,356	5,356	1,218	4,138
- Accommodation Deposits	5.3	6,603	6,603	1,573	5,030
Total Financial Liabilities		19,569	19,569	10,401	9,168

^{*} maturity dates are based upon historical experience

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 7.2 (b): Liquidity risk continued

2020				Maturit	y Dates
	Note	Carrying	Nominal Amount		1 - 5
		Amount		1 year	years
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	5.2	5,832	5,832	5,832	-
Borrowings	6.1	3,015	3,015	1,127	1,888
- Accommodation Deposits	5.3	5,323	5,323	1,295	4,028
Total Financial Liabilities		14,170	14,170	8,254	5,916

Note 7.2 (c) Market risk

Central Gippsland Health Service's exposures to market risk are primarily through interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. Objectives, policies and processes used to manage each of these risks are disclosed below.

Sensitivity disclosure analysis and assumptions

Central Gippsland Health Service's sensitivity to market risk is determined based on the observed range of actual historical data for the preceding five-year period. Central Gippsland Health Service's fund managers cannot be expected to predict movements in market rates and prices. The following movements are 'reasonably possible' over the next 12 months:

- a change in interest rates of 1% up or down and
- a change in the Australian Dollar of 10% up or down.

Interest rate risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Central Gippsland Health Service does not hold any interest-bearing financial instruments that are measured at fair value, and therefore has no exposure to fair value interest rate risk.

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Central Gippsland Health Service has minimal exposure to cash flow interest rate risks through cash and deposits, term deposits and bank overdrafts that are at floating rate.

Foreign currency risk

All foreign currency transactions during the financial year are brought to account using the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Foreign monetary items existing at the end of the reporting period are translated at the closing rate at the date of the end of the reporting period.

Central Gippsland Health Service has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8: Other disclosures

This section includes additional material disclosures required by accounting standards or otherwise, for the understanding of this financial report.

Structure

- 8.1 Reconciliation of Net Result for the Year to Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities
- 8.2 Responsible persons disclosure
- 8.3 Remuneration of Executive Officers
- 8.4 Related parties
- 8.5 Remuneration of Auditors
- 8.6 Events occurring after the Balance Sheet Date
- 8.7 Jointly arrangements
- 8.8 Economic dependency

Telling the COVID-19 story

Our other disclosures were not materially impacted by the COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic and its impact on our economy and the health of our community.

Note 8.1: Reconciliation of Net Result for the Year to Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Net Result for the Year	(4,064)	(4,820)
Non-Cash Movements:		
(Gain) on sale or disposal of non-financial assets	(210)	(33)
Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets	7,274	7,002
Provision for Doubtful Debts	78	16
Loss on revaluation of long service leave liability	162	122
Discount expense on loan	(22)	4
Adjustment capital contribution	=	(44)
Assets and services received free of charge	(146)	-
Lease Interest Expense	47	45
Cash (inflow) from investing and financing activities	(80)	(468)
Movements in Assets and Liabilities		
(Increase) / Decrease in receivables and contract assets	(527)	20
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories	30	(68)
(Increase) / Decrease in other assets	(25)	4
Increase / (Decrease) in payables and contract liabilities	2,665	(1,415)
Increase in employee benefits	1,449	1,412
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	6,631	1,777

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

8.2 Responsible persons disclosure

In accordance with the Ministerial Directions issued by the Minister for Finance under the Financial Management Act 1994, the following disclosures are made regarding responsible persons for the reporting period.

Responsible Minister	Period	
The Honourable Martin Foley: Minister for Mental Health Minister for Health Minister for Ambulance Services Minister for the Coordination of Health and Human Services: COVID-19	1/07/2020 - 26/09/2020 - 26/09/2020 - 26/09/2020 -	29/09/2020 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 9/11/2020
The Honourable Jenny Mikakos: Minister for Health Minister for Ambulance Services Minister for the Coordination of Health and Human Services: COVID-19	1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 -	26/09/2020 26/09/2020 26/09/2020
The Honourable Luke Donnellan: Minister for Child Protection Minister for Disability, Ageing and Carers	1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 -	30/06/2021 30/06/2021
The Honourable James Merlino: Minister for Mental Health	29/09/2020 -	30/06/2021
Governing Boards		
Tony Anderson (Chairperson) Claire Miller Jenny Dempster Frances "Frankie' MacLennan Jim Vivian (Vice Chairperson) Abbas Khambati Glenys Butler Faith Page Kumar Visvanathan Peter 'Gerry' Watts Lauren Carey Aurthur Skipitaris	1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 - 1/07/2020 -	30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021 30/06/2021
Accountable Officers Frank Evans (Chief Executive Officer) - Outgoing Mark Dykgraaf (Chief Executive Officer) - Incoming	1/07/2020 - 15/06/2021 -	30/06/2021 30/06/2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8.2 Responsible Persons Disclosure continued.

Remuneration of Responsible Persons

The number of Responsible Persons are shown in their relevant income bands:

Income band	2021 No.	2020 No.
\$10,000 - \$19,999	11	10
\$20,000 - \$29,999	1	1
\$310,000 - \$319,999	2	1
Total Numbers	14	12
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Total remuneration received or due and receivable by Responsible Persons from reporting entity amounted to:	507	484

Amounts relating to the Governing Board Members and Accountable Officer are disclosed in Central Gippsland Health Service's controlled entities financial statements.

Amounts relating to Responsible Ministers are reported within the Department of Parliamentary Services' Financial Report.

Note 8.3: Remuneration of Executives

The number of executive officers, other than Ministers and Accountable Officers, and their total remuneration during the reporting period are shown in the table below. Total annualised employee equivalent provides a measure of full time equivalent executive officers over the reporting period.

	Total Remu	uneration
Remuneration of Executive Officers (excluding Key Management Personnel Disclosed in Note 8.4)	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Short-term Benefits Post-employment Benefits Termination Benefits Total Remuneration i	1,268 117 67 1,452	1,148 109 - 1,257
Total Number of Executives Total Annualised Employee Equivalent ii	8 6.6	6 5.4

i The total number of executive officers includes persons who meet the definition of Key Management Personnel (KMP) of Central Gippsland Health Service under AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures and are also reported within Note 8.4 Related Parties.

ii Annualised employee equivalent is based on working 38 ordinary hours per week over the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8.3 Remuneration of Executives continued

Total remuneration payable to executives during the year included additional executive officers and a number of executives who receive bonus payments during the year. These bonus payments depend on the terms of individual employment contracts

Remuneration comprises employee benefits in all forms of consideration paid, payable or provided in exchange for services rendered, and is disclosed in the following categories:

Short-term Employee Benefits

Salaries and wages, annual leave or sick leave that are usually paid or payable on a regular basis, as well as non-monetary benefits such as allowances and free or subsidised goods or services.

Post-employment Benefits

Pensions and other retirement benefits (such as superannuation guarantee contributions) paid or payable on a discrete basis when employment has ceased.

Other Long-term Benefits

Long service leave, other long-service benefit or deferred compensation.

Termination Benefits

Termination of employment payments, such as severance packages.

Other factors

Several factors affected total remuneration payable to executives over the year. A number of employment contracts were completed and renegotiated and a number of executive officers resigned in the past year. This has had a significant impact on remuneration figures for the termination benefits category.

Note 8.4 Related parties

The Central Gippsland Health Service is a wholly owned and controlled entity of the State of Victoria. Related parties of the health service include:

- All key management personnel (KMP) and their close family members;
- Cabinet ministers (where applicable) and their close family members;
- Jointly Controlled Operation A member of the Gippsland Health Alliance
- All hospitals and public sector entities that are controlled and consolidated into the State of Victoria financial statements.

KMP's are those people with the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of Central Gippsland Health Service and its controlled entities, directly or indirectly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8.4 Related parties continued

Key Management Personnel of Central Gippsland Health Service

The Board of Directors and the Executive Directors of the Central Gippsland Health Service are deemed to be KMPs. This includes the following:

KMPs	Position Title
Mr Tony Anderson	Chair of the Board
Ms Claire Miller	Board Member
Ms Frances "Frankie" MacLennan	Board Member
Mr Arthur Skipitaris	Board Member
Ms Jenny Dempster	Board Member
Mr Jim Vivian	Vice Chair of the Board
Mr Abbas Khambati	Board Member
Ms Faith Page	Board Member
Ms Glenys Butler	Board Member
Professor Kumar Visvanathan	Board Member
Ms Lauren Carey	Board Member
Mr Peter 'Gerry' Watts	Board Member
Mr Frank Evans (to 30/06/2021)	Chief Executive Officer - Outgoing
Mr Mark Dykgraaf (from 15/06/2021)	Chief Executive Officer - Incoming
Ms Amanda Pusmucans	Executive Director of Nursing
Mr Paul Head	Executive Director of Aged And Ambulatory
	Care
Ms Sally-Anne Weatherley (from 26/03/2021)	Acting Executive Director of Aged Care
Dr Harvey Lee (to 05/03/2021)	Executive Director Medical Services
Dr Syed Khadri	Executive Director Medical Services
Ms Kelli Mitchener	Executive Director Clinical Governance and
	Medical Operations
Ms Suzanne Askew	Executive Director Workforce Planning and
	Development
Ms Cherie Campbell	Executive Director Corporate Services
Ms Emma Brennan	Acting Chief Financial Officer

The compensation detailed below excludes the salaries and benefits the Portfolio Ministers receive. The Minister's remuneration and allowances is set by the Parliamentary Salaries and Superannuation Act 1968, and is reported within the Department of Parliamentary Services' Financial Report.

Compensation - KMPs	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Short-term Employee Benefits ii	1,740	1,632
Post-employment Benefits ii	152	109
Termination Benefits ii	67	-
Total i	1,959	1,741

i KMPs are also reported in Note 8.2 Responsible Persons or Note 8.3 Remuneration of Executives.

ii Total remuneration paid to KMPs employed as a contractor during the reporting period through accounts payable has been reported under short-term employee benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8.4 Related Parties continued.

Significant transactions with Government Related Entities

The Central Gippsland Health Service received funding from the Department of Health of \$75.3M (2020: \$73.9M).

Expenses incurred by the Central Gippsland Health Service in delivering services and outputs are in accordance with HealthShare Victoria requirements. Goods and services including procurement, diagnostics, patient meals and multi-site operational support are provided by other Victorian Health Service Providers on commercial terms.

Professional medical indemnity insurance and other insurance products are obtained from a Victorian Managed Insurance Authority.

The Standing Directions of the Assistant Treasurer require Central Gippsland Health Service to hold cash (in excess of working capital) in accordance with the State's centralised banking arrangements. All borrowings are required to be sourced from Treasury Corporation Victoria unless an exemption has been approved by the Minister for Health and Human Services and the Treasurer.

During the year Central Gippsland Health Service had the following government-related entity transactions:

Entity	Revenue		Expenditure	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Latrobe Regional Health Service	2,096	2,103	847	1,430
Gippsland Health Alliance	331	-	1,581	1,358
Dental Health Services Victoria	946	1,076	46	51
Ambulance Victoria	54	95	1,185	1,089
Gippsland Southern Health Service	317	287	-	-
Department of Health	-	96	127	14
Omeo District Health Service	22	26	-	-
Orbost Regional Health Service	57	59	-	-
South Gippsland Hospital	-	65	-	-
Victoria Police	33	32	-	-
Yarram District Health Service	103	47	78	66
Bairnsdale Regional Health Service	674	657	5	37
Alfred Health	1	4	123	148
Total	4,634	4,548	3,992	4,193

The following related party transactions remain outstanding.

	Receivable		Payable	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Latrobe Regional Health Service	226	190	92	12
Bairnsdale Regional Health Service	118	50	-	-
Gippsland Southern Health Service	27	25	-	-
Department of Health	638	30	-	-
Ambulance Victoria	5	7	-	74
Total	1,013	303	92	86

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8.4 Related Parties continued.

Transactions with KMPs and Other Related Parties

Given the breadth and depth of State government activities, related parties transact with the Victorian public sector in a manner consistent with other members of the public e.g. stamp duty and other government fees and charges. Further employment of processes within the Victorian public sector occur on terms and conditions consistent with the Public Administration Act 2004 and Codes of Conduct and Standards issued by the Victorian Public Sector Commission. Procurement processes occur on terms and conditions consistent with the HealthShare Victorian Government Procurement Board requirements.

Outside of normal citizen type transactions with the Central Gippsland Health Service, there were no related party transactions that involved key management personnel and their close family members or their personal business interests. No provision has been required, nor any expense recognised, for impairment of receivables from related parties. There were no related party transactions with Cabinet Ministers required to be disclosed in 2021 (2020: none).

There were no related party transactions required to be disclosed for Central Gippsland Health Service Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Directors in 2021 (2020:none).

Joint Partnership Entities Related Party Transactions

Frank Evans is the Chair of the Gippsland Health Alliance Steering Committee. He held this position for the full financial year.

The transactions between the two entities relate to payments made by Central Gippsland Health Service to Gippsland Health Alliance for goods and services and the transfer of funds by way of distributions made to the health service. All dealings are in the normal course of business and are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Note 8.5: Remuneration of Auditors

	2021 \$,000's	2020 \$,000's
Victorian Auditor-Generals Office Audit of financial statements	41	42
	41	42

Consolidated

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8.6: Events occurring after balance date

The COVID-19 pandemic has created unprecedented economic uncertainty. Actual economic events and conditions in the future may be materially different from those estimated by the Central Gippsland Health Service at the reporting date. As responses by government continue to evolve, management recognises that it is difficult to reliably estimate with any degree of certainty the potential impact of the pandemic after the reporting date on Central Gippsland Health Service, its operations, future results and financial position. The State of Emergency in Victoria was extended on 1 July 2021 until 28 August 2021 which was futher extended to the 23 September 2021 and the State of Disaster reminas in place.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may affect the operations of Central Gippsland Health Service, the results of the operations or the state of affairs of Central Gippsland Health Service in the future financial years.

Note 8.7: Joint arrangements

			Ownership 1	nterest (%)
Name of Entity	Principal Activity	Country of Incorporation	2021	2020
Gippsland Health Alliance (GHA)	Information Technology	Australia	12.90	13.04

Central Gippsland Health Service's interest in the above jointly controlled operations are detailed below. The amounts are included in the combined financial statements under the respective categories:

	2021 \$'000 *	2020 \$'000 *
Current Assets	,	,
Cash and cash equivalents	647	798
Receivables	106	110
Other Current assets	560	444
Total Current Assets	1,313	1,352
Non-Current Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment	71	109
Total Non-Current Assets	71	109
Share of Total Assets	1,384	1,461
Current Liabilities		
Other Current Liabilities	277	160
Total Current Liabilities	277	160
Share of Total Liabilities	277	160
Net Assets	1,107	1,301
Operating Revenue		
GHA Revenue	2,309	2,260
Total Operating Revenue	2,309	2,260
Operating Expenses		
GHA Expenses	2,427	2,578
Total Operating Expenses	2,427	2,578
Net Operating Result	(118)	(318)
Capital Expenditure		
Depreciation	44	28
Total Capital Expenditure	44	28
Net Result	(162)	(346)
sektained from audited Cinneland Health Alliance annual report		

^{*} Figures obtained from audited Gippsland Health Alliance annual report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 8.7: Joint arrangements continued

Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

Central Gippsland Health Service and Gippsland Health Alliance have entered an agreement to implement an Electronic Medical Record (EMR) in the 2020/21 financial year.

However, there were no known contingent liabilities or capital commitments held for this joint partnership for the new project at balance date.

Note 8.8: Economic dependency

Central Gippsland Health Service is dependent on the Department of Health for the majority of its revenue to operate the entity. At the date of this report, the Board of Directors has no reason to believe the Department of Health will not continue to support Central Gippsland Health Service.

Note 8.9: Equity Contributed capital

Contributions by owners (that is, contributed capital and its repayment) are treated as equity transactions and, therefore, do not form part of the income and expenses of the Central Gippsland Health Service.

Transfers of net assets arising from administrative restructurings are treated as distributions to or contributions by owners. Transfers of net liabilities arising from administrative restructurings are treated as distributions to owners.

Other transfers that are in the nature of contributions or distributions or that have been designated as contributed capital are also treated as contributed capital.

Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income revaluation reserve

The financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of financial assets (such as equity instruments) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where such a financial asset is sold, that portion of the reserve which relates to that financial asset may be transferred to accumulated surplus/deficit.

Specific restricted purpose reserves

The specific restricted purpose reserve is established where Central Gippsland Health Service has possession or title to the funds but has no discretion to amend or vary the restriction and/or condition underlying the funds received.





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